RY

FAMILY
HISTORY
DEVOE

C9

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603 S. Jackson
Auburn, IN 46706

THE DeVOE LINES

Compiled by:
Lurah J. Phillips

To Montmorency Line'

Lines: Devoe
Gray

1. Doyle T. Devoe m. Lurah J. Pott
b. 4 Sept. 1916 Noble Co. In. b. 19 Dec. 1916 DeKalb Co. Ind.
m. 4 Dec. 1938
d. 22 June 1984

2nd
Lurah m Wiley Phillips
July 17, 1997, DeKalb Co. IN

Children: Ronald Claude b. 12 Dec. 1941
Phillip Warren b. 15 Apr. 1946
Kathleen Gail b. 1 Oct. 1947

2. Claude Clifford Devoe m. Gladys Gertrude Mary Merkling
b. 18 Oct. 1885 Noble Co. In. b. 4 July 1885 Noble Co. Ind.
m 24 June 1906 " d. 14 Dec. 1942 " "
d. 11 Nov 1944 Allen Co. In

Children: Lewis Jesse, Hilda Irene, Doyle Thornton

3. Luella Lydia Gray m. Lewis Philip Merkling
b. 11 March 1885 Marshall, Mich b. 5 Apr. 1854 Wooster, Ohio
m. 4 Feb 1875 Noble Co. Ind. d. 11 Sept. 1936 Noble Co. Ind.
d. 31 Mar. 1935 Noble Co. Ind

Children:

4. Reading Gray m Amelia Jones
b. 23 July 1805 Binghampton, N.Y. b. 28 Nov. 1830 Findley, Ohio
m. 4 Feb. 1853 d. 18 Jan 1890 Hyde Park, N.Y.
d. 12 Apr. 1879 Noble Co. Ind. bur. Noble Co. Ind.

Children: Luella Lydia b. 11 Mar. 1855 Herbert Reading - b. 1866 - 1869
Luetta Josephine b. 29 Oct. 1857
Cora Inez b. 10 Apr. 1859
Elmer Merritt b. 31 Oct. 1864

5. Daniel Gray, Senior m Lydia Berier
b. 9 Apr. 1781 Binghampton N.Y. b. 25 Aug. 1784 Binghampton, N.Y.
m. d. 14 Mar. 1869 " "
d. 24 Sept. 1840 " "

Children: Reading b. 23 July 1805
Josiah b. 20 Oct, 1807
Daniel Jr. b. 11 Aug 1810
James b. 11 Dec. 1812
Theodosia b. 8 July 1815
Permela b. 4 Feb 1818
Mary b. 9 Apr. 1820
Ambrosia b 12 Aug 1822
Barzeilai b. 10 Oct, 1824 (Attended Mich U. at Ann Arbor)
(Male) d. 25 Dec 1918 Judge Kansas City
Rachel Ann Kansas City
b. 7 March 1829

6. Capt Arthur Gray m. Mary Reading
b. ca 1755 b. 1756
m. 3 Apr. 1778 Hunterdon N.J. d.
d.

Children: William b. 1779
Daniel b. 4 Sept. 1781
Euphemia b. 1782
Theodosia b. 1784
Anastosia b. 1786
Catherine b.
Mary b.
Jasper } Twins b. 1792
Eleanor }
Arthur b. 1794
Isaac b. 1797
Barzillai b. 1801

To Montmerency Line
Lines: Reading
Ryerson
Rapalje

7. Capt. Daniel Reading m Euphemia Reid
b. 2 Feb. 1727 Hunterdon Co NJ. b. 1735
m. 26 Feb. 1755
d. 15 Oct. 1768

Children: John Reid b. 30 Oct 1756 Sarah b.
Ellen b. Theodosia b.
Euphemia b May 1761 Mary b.
Daniel Reid b. 5 Feb. 1765

8. Gov. John Reading m. Maritje Mary Ryerson
b. 6 June 1686 b. 19 July 1699 New York City Bapt. Old Dutch Reformed Church
m. 30 Nov. 1720 d. 1774
d. 5 Nov 1769 N.J. Readington N.J.

All children bapt. in Dutch Reformed Church

Children: John b. 30 Mar 1722 Hunterdon Co. N.J. Richard b. 8 Dec 1732 N.J.
Ann bapt. 21 July 1723 " " Capt Thomas 27 Sept 1734 "
George b. 26 Feb. 1725 " " Mary bapt. 8 Aug. 1736 "
Capt Daniel b. 2 Feb. 1727 " " Sarah bapt. 29 Oct. 1738
Joseph b. 23 Nov. 1730 " " Samuel b. 25 Oct, 1741
Elizabeth bapt. 31 Jan. 1731 " "

9. Joris (George) Ryerson m. Annekin (Schouten) (Dey)
bapt. 19 Sept. 1666 Brooklyn N.y. b. 17 March 1666
m. 26 June 1690 d. 17 May 1743
d 1749

After Marriage Moved to Manhatten Island
1708 moved to N.J.
purchased 5500 Acres from Indians

Children: Johanna Martin Blandina
Martin Mary
Johannes Helen
Maritje 1699 Joris
Lucas

10. Martin Ryerson m. Annetje Rapetje (Rapalje)
b b. 8 Feb. 1646
m. 14 May 1663 Dutch Ref. Church, Brooklyn N.y
d 1687

Children: Marritje
Joris
Ryer
Cathalyntie

11. Joris Jannsen Rapalje m. Catalina Tricot
bapt. 28 Apr. 1604 Valencinnes b 1605 Pry, Spanish Netherlands
m. 21 Jan 1624 Amsterdan, Holland d. 11 Sept. 1689 Long Island N.y.
d 1665 N.y.

Children: Sara b 1625 Cathalyntie 1641
Marritje 1627 Jerohimus 1643
Jannetje 1629 Annetje 1646
Judith 1635 Elizabeth 1648
Jan 1637 Daniel 1650
Jacob 1639
(Killed by Indians in N.y.)

All Children born in New York State
They lived in Fort Orange N.y.
Brooklyn N.y.
Manhattan N.y.

Joris + Catalina Came to America from Amsterdam in Ship Unity 1624

To Montmorency Line

Lines: Rapalje
Coligny
Montmorency

12. Jean Rapalje (Rapareillet m _____ --
b.
m.
d.
b.
d.
Buried 23 Feb 1606 Valenciennes

Children: Oliver b. 1594 Child-Name unknown
Ann b. 1595 Joris 1604
Francois 1596 Jejinne 1598 Sisters or half-sisters
Nicholas 1598 Marie 1580

13. Gaspard de Rapalje (Colet) m _____ Jannsen
ca 1505 Sur Loire France
b.
m.
d.
b.
d.
Father: Abram Jannsen (Noted Flemish Artist)
b. c. 1575 Antwerp.
d. 1632 1.

Children: Breckje b. ca 1569
Jean b. ca 1592
William b 23 Feb. 1606 Valenciennes
Antonie

Generation missing 14. Male Rapalje m. Female Coligny
b.
m.
d.

Children:

15. Marshall Gaspard de Coligny m. Louise Montmorency
b.
m.
d.

Children: Sons:- Daughters?
Gaspard (Marshall of France
Odet (Cardinal de Chatillion)
Francois
Andelot, (Capt. General of French Infantry) ✓

16. Guilaume de Montmorency m. Anne Pot
b.
m.
d.

Children: Sons Daughters:
1. ____ Louise de Montmorency
Male 2. Anne de Montmorency
3. ____
4. ____

Painting of Guilaume Montmorency by anonymus master about 1520

To Montmorency Line
Lines! Montmorency

1.

17. Jean de Montmorency m. 2.
b.
m.
d.
Children: Sons: Jean, Sire de Nivelle 1422-47 > disinherited in favor of younger half-brother Guilaume
Louis, Sire de Fosseux d. 1490

eneration
Missing 18. de Montmorency m. - ---
b.
m
d
Children:

(Marshall of France Fought English in 100yrs war)
19. Charles de Montmorency m ---- ---
b.
m.
d. 1381
Children:

Gen.
Missing 20 de Montmorency m . --
b
m.
d
Children:

1.
21 Mathieu II (de Montmorency) m. 2 Emma de Laval
b.
m.
d. 1230
Children:

22
23 Mathieu I
b.
m.
d. living in 1160
Constable of France 1138
Children

m. 1. Aline, da of Henry I of England
2. Adelaide of Savoy, widow of
Louis VI of France

Louis VI France 1108-1137
Louis VI "The Fat"

25
24 Bouchard IV
b.
m.
d
Soon after 1124

Compiled by Lurah J. DeVoe R.R. 1 Kendallville, Ind. 46755 1984
Rapalje, Coligny + Montmorency Lines need to be researched
and corrected filling in missing generations

1994 LURAH J. DEVOE 729 RILEY RD. KENDALLVILLE IND. 46755
2000 LURAH J. PHILLIPS 916 E. THIRD ST. AUBURN IN 46706
(MRS WILEY)

1/COL. JOHN READING 2/GOV. JOHN 3. DAN. READING
4/MARY READING 5/DANIEL GRAY

Daniel Gray B. 1871
Wife Lydia Bevier

Gray Family Record

Daniel Gray Sr. Born 1871
Lydia Bevier, his wife 1784

Children

ANCESTOR- Reading Gray born 1805 died 1879
Josiah " " 1807 " 1890
Daniel Jr. " 1810
James B " 1812
Theodosia L. " 1815
Permela " 1818
Mary " 1820
Ambrosia " 1822
Barzellai " 1824
Rachel Ann " 1827

Reading Gray married to Amelia Jones 1853
Luella Lydia born 1855
Luetta Josephine " 1857
Cora Inez " 1859
Elmer Merritt " 1864
Herbert Reading " 1866 died 1870

Amelia Jones born 1830 died Jan. 1890

This source is Ruth Gaume, Elkhart, Ind.
I copied the page as is May 1991
Lurah DeVoe

(This was probably done by Luetta Josephine Gray who married William P. Myers see chart 4)

1/COL. JOHN 2/GOV. JOHN ~~3/MARY READING M. CAPT ARTHUR GRAY~~

3./CAPT. DANIEL 4/MARY READING M. CAPT. ARTHUR GRAY

Gray, Capt Arthur
m. Mary Reading

Capt. Arthur Gray m. Mary Reading
B. ca. 1755 B - 31 Mar. 1756
M. 3 Apr 1778 Hunterdon N.J. D. Binghampton N.Y.?
D. 7 Mar. 1811
B. REV. WAR
Bought large tract of land in Union N.J. ca. 1825
Served in Am. Rev.
Children: —

1/ William Gray m. Laurie Lanning
B. 1779

ancestor 2/ Daniel Gray m. Lydia Bevier
B. 4 Sept. 1781 Binghampton N.Y. B. 25 Sept. 1784 Binghampton, N.Y.
D. 14 Mar. 1869 " "
M
D. 24 Sept 1840

3/ Euphemia Gray b. 1782 m. Samuel Dean
4/ Theodosia Gray b. 1784 m. Richard Lowe
5/ Anastosia Gray b. 1786 d. 1869 m. Johnothan Ogden b. 1789 d. 1861
6/ Catherine Gray m. James McKinney
7/ Mary Gray m. Lyman Page
8/ Twins - Jasper + Eleanor 1792
9/
10. Arthur Gray Jr. m. Anne Van Name
b. 1794 m. 1815 d. 1864 b. 1791 d. 1893
11. Isaac Gray b. 1797 m. Sarah Williams
12. Barzillia Gray m. H. A Shaw
b. 1801

over —

I don't know my source on this -
It is quite different than Leach's

THIS FAMILY NEEDS RESEARCH.

Family Group Sheet

Husband's Full Name JOHN READING **Chart No.**

Husband's Data	Day Month Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info. on Husband
Birth				ENGLAND	
Chr'nd					
Marr.					
Death					
Burial					

Places of Residence: PIPE HILL LITCHFIELD, STAFFORDSHIRE ENGLAND

Occupation | Church Affiliation QUAKERS | Military Rec.

Other wives, if any. No. (1) (2) etc. Make separate sheet for each marr.

His Father | Mother's Maiden Name

Wife's Full Maiden Name MARY

Wife's Data	Day Month Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info. on Wife
Birth				ENGLAND	
Chr'nd					
Death					
Burial					

Places of Residence

Occupation | Church Affiliation QUAKER | Military Rec.

Other husbands, if any. No. (1) (2) etc. Make separate sheet for each marr.

Her Father | Mother's Maiden Name

Sex	Children's Names in Full (Arranged in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day Month Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info on Children
	1 COL. JOHN READING	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse ELIZABETH ———	Death					
		Burial					
	2 JOB READING	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	3 DANIEL READING	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	4 JONAH READING	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse DIED YOUNG	Death					
		Burial					
	5	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	6	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	7	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	8	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					

Compiler LURAH J. DEVOE
Address 729 RILEY RD.
City, State, Zip KENDALLVILLE, IN 46755
Date JAN. 1995

Notes: M. Wiley J. Phillips, July 19, 1997
Reviewed Jan. 2003
Name: LURAH J. PHILLIPS
916 E. Third St.
Auburn, IN 46706

Husband's Full Name _____

Form A100. Family Group Sheet by The Everton Publishers, P.O. Box 368, Logan, UT 84321. Publishers of The Genealogical Helper. Send for a free catalogue with list and full descriptions of many genealogical aids.

Noble County Will Abstracts 1859-1894
Kendallville, Indiana Public Library

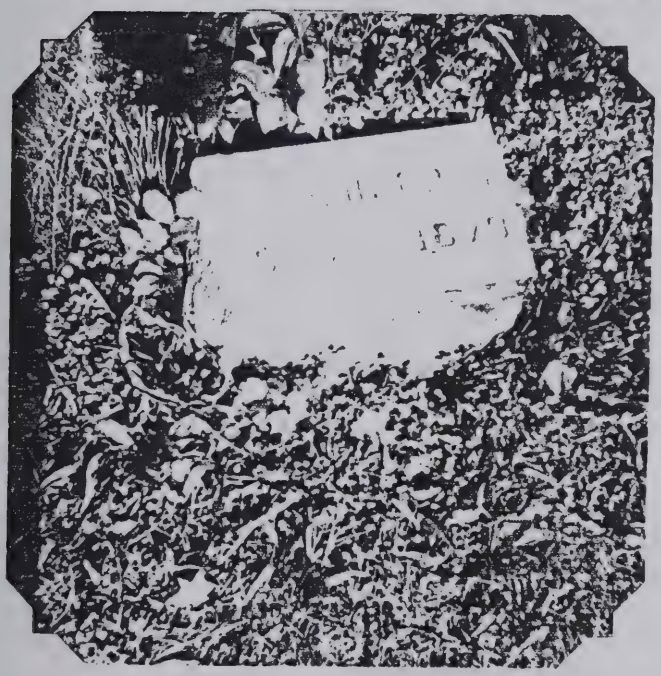
Deed Book 14 April 1878

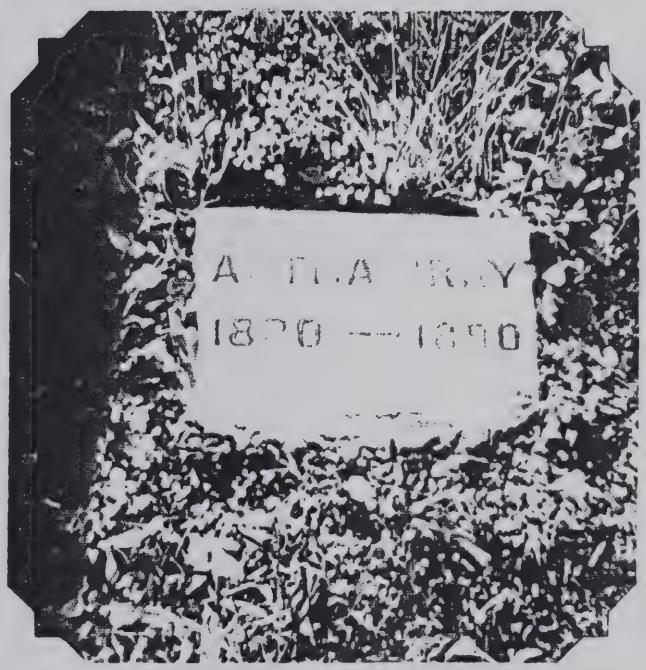
Reading Gray & Amelia Gray his wife to
Nancy Carriett, Noble Co. Southwest fractional
part of East half of Lot No. 34

Book 17 Noble Co. Deeds, Albion, Ind.
Nov. 20, 1861
Grantee: Lydia Gray (Reading's mother) Grantor:
Phebe Griswold Grantor

Reading Gray - Amelia Jones Tombstones

Lakeview Cemetery
Kendallville, Ind.
Photo - 1974





Reading Gray
Born 1805 Binghampton N.Y.
Died. 12 Apr. 1879 Kendallville, Ind.

Amelia (Jones) Gray
Born: 1830 Findlay, Ohio
Died: 18 Jan. 1890 Kendallville, Ind.

Reading Gray = Amelia Jones

Tombstone Records
Kendallville, Indiana Public Library
p. 280

Amelia Gray
born Findlay, Ohio
died Jan. 18, 1890
Aged 59 yrs. 1 mo. 20 da

Reading Gray
born in Binghampton, N.Y.
died April 12, 1879
Aged 65 yrs.

Herbert Gray (their son)
died Sept. 2, 1870
Aged 3 yrs. 11 mo.

Mrs Doyle DeVoe
R.1 Kendallville, Ind
46755

Brother to your Joseph?

7/6

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Search No. Enclosure No.

Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

☐ Bible
☐ Census
☐ Church
☐ Correspondence
☐ Court
☐ Deed
☐ History The Ryerson Gen. b. Ryerson p. 16
☐ Home
☐ Interview
☐ Military
☐ Obituary
☐ Tombstone
☐ Vital Record

Other

Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:

Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:

☐ Photo Copy: ☐ Handwritten: ☐ Typewritten: ☐ Printed

Legibility

of record and describe.

Name of Subject Capt. Daniel Reading

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth	2	Feb	1727			
Chr'nd						
Mar.	26	Feb.	1755			
Death	15	Oct.	1768			
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Gov. John Reading Mother Maritje Ryerson

Name of Spouse Euphemia Reid

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth			1735			
Chr'nd						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Col. John Reid Mother

Copy verbatum on this form the information you find in the various records or books as you do your research. (You will find differences in records.) Make a separate sheet for each search or each name or family on your line found in a search. Then, after information has been extracted from all sources, you may easily make comparisons of statements, judge value of each, and record correct data on a permanent form such as A1, F1, F3 or F6. See The Sixth Edition THE HOW BOOK FOR GENEALOGISTS for additional suggestions regarding the use of this sheet.

Sex	Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
	1 John Reid Reading (Full name of spouse*)	Birth		Oct	1756				
		Mar.							
		Death	30	Apr.	1821				
		Burial							
	2 Ellen Reading (Full name of spouse* 1. Guy Rodgers 2. Lt. James Montgomery)	Birth							
		Mar.							
		Death							
		Burial							
	3 Euphemia Reading (Full name of spouse* Major Barzellai Newbold)	Birth		May	1761				
		Mar.							
		Death	2	July	1837				
		Burial							
	Daniel Reading (Full name of spouse* Jane Kennedy)	Birth	5	Feb.	1765				
		Mar.							
		Death	9	Apr.	1854				
		Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

5. Sarah Reading m. Ferdinand Reading 1st cousin
son of Richard Reading
b.
m.
d.

6. Thedosia Reading m. Rev. Thomas Grant
b.
m.
d.

X 7. Mary Reading m. Capt Arthur Gray
b. 31 March 1756 b. 1755
m. 3 April 1778 Hunterdon, N.J.
d. Oct. 1816

Another quote from my husbands cousin —
Daniel owned much land in Berks Co. Pa.
She claims Reading Pa. was named for the
family.

Family Group Sheet

Husband's Full Name CAPT. DANIEL READING **Chart No.**

Husband's Data	Day Month Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info. on Husband
Birth	2 FEB. 1727	HUNTERDON	(AMWELL TWP.)	N. J.	
Chr'nd					
Marr.	26 FEB 1755				
Death	15 OCT. 1768	HUNTERDON		N. J.	GUN ACCIDENT
Burial					

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Other wives, if any. No. (1) (2) etc.
Make separate sheet for each marr

His Father GOV. JOHN READING Mother's Maiden Name MARY RYERSON

Wife's Full Maiden Name EUPHEMIA REID

Wife's Data	Day Month Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info. on Wife
Birth	1735				
Chr'nd					
Death					
Burial					

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Other husbands, if any. No. (1) (2) etc.
Make separate sheet for each marr.

Her Father COL. JOHN REID Mother's Maiden Name MARY SANDS

Sex	Children's Names in Full (Arranged in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day Month Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info on Children
	1	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	2	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	3	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	4	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	5	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	6	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	7	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	8	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					

Compiler

Address

City, State, Zip

Date

Notes:

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Husband's Full Name _____

Reading, Gov. John 2c/12

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

Name of Subject Reading, Gov. John

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth	6	June	1686	Gloucester		N.J.
Chr'nd						
Mar.	30	Nov.	1720			
Death	5	Nov.	1767	Bible Rec.		
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Milit. & Gov. Church Affiliation Dutch Ref? Military Rec. War Against Spain

Father Col. John Reading Mother Elizabeth Churchill

Name of Spouse Marit'je (Mary) Ryerson

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth			1669			
Chr'nd						
Death			1744			
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Dutch Ref. Military Rec.

Father Josis George Ryerson Mother Annekin Schooten

Copy verbatum on this form the information you find in the various records or books as you do your research. (You will find differences in records.) Make a separate sheet for each search or each name or family on your line found in a search. Then, after information has been extracted from all sources, you may easily make comparisons of statements, judge value of each, and record correct data on a permanent form such as A1, F1, F3 or F6. See The Sixth Edition THE HOW BOOK FOR GENEALOGISTS for additional suggestions regarding the use of this sheet.

Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

- ☐ Bible
- ☐ Census
- ☐ Church Children all bapt.-Dutch Ref. Church Hunterdon Co. (Church at Readington)
- ☐ Correspondence
- ☐ Court
- ☐ Deed
- ☐ History Gen. Soc. of Pa. Vol. II p. 72-73 Detroit Mich. Libr.
- ☐ Home Bible Rec.
- ☐ Interview Hist. of Reading Family by Josiah G. Leach
- ☐ Military J.B. Lippincott Co. 1898 p. 39
- ☐ Obituary
- ☐ Tombstone
- ☐ Vital Record
- ☐ Other Am. Comp. of Gen. by Virous Vol. III pp. 540

☐ Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:

☐ Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:

☐ Photo Copy: ☐ Handwritten: ☐ Typewritten: ☐ Printed

Legibility

Sex	Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
M.	1 John Reading	Birth	30	Mar.	1722	Old Amwell Twp.	Hunterdon Co.	N.J	
	Full name of spouse* Isabella Montgomery	Mar.							
		Death			1766				
		Burial							
F.	2 Ann Reading	Bapt. Birth	21	July	1723	Old Amwell Twp.	Hunterdon Co.	N.J	
	Full name of spouse* Rev. Charles Beatty	Mar.							
		Death	22	Mar.	1768	Greenock, Scotland			
		Burial							
M	3 George Reading	Birth	26	Feb	1725	Old Amwell Twp	Hunterdon Co.	N.J	Rev.
	Full name of spouse* Rebecca Mullen	Mar.							
		Death	12	Aug.	1792	Bourbon Co		Kentucky	
		Burial							
M. X	4 Capt. Daniel Reading	Birth	2	Feb	1727	Old Amwell Twp	Hunterdon Co.	N.J.	Capt. in Militia
	Full name of spouse* Euphemia Reid	Mar.	11	June	17—				
		Death	15	Oct.	1768				
		Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

Hon.
5. Joseph Reading = Amy Pierson
b. 23 Nov. 1730 Hunterdon Co. N.J.
m. ca 1754
d. 15 Nov. 1806

6. Elizabeth Reading = John Hackett Esq.
bapt. 31 Jan. 1731 Hunterdon Co N.J.
m. 1755
d. ca 1781
b.
d. 20 Sept. 1766 Sussex Co.

7. Richard Reading = Catherine Reid
b. 8 Dec. 1732 Hunterdon Co. N.J.
m.
d. 1781
b.
d.
da. of John + Mary (Sands) Reid
Son Ferdinand m. Sarah Reading da of Capt. Daniel Reading

8. Capt. Thomas Reading = Rebecca Ellis
b. 27 Sept. 1734 Hunterdon Co. N.J.
m.
d. 15 Dec. 1814
b.
d.
da. of Jonothan Ellis, of Waterford, Gloucester Co. N.J.

9. Mary Reading = Rev. William Mills
bapt. 8 Aug. 1736 Hunterdon Co. N.J.
m. 13 Mar 1739
d. 4 Apr. 1794
b. 13 Mar. 1739 Smithtown L.I.
d. 10 Mar 1794 New York City

10. Sarah Reading = Augustine Reid.
bapt. 29 Oct. 1738 Hunterdon Co. N.J
m. 6 July 1756
d. 10 July 1809
b.
d.
Son of Col. John Reid.

11. Samuel Reading
b. 25 Oct. 1741 Hunterdon Co. N.J.
m.
d. 18 Aug 1749

Col. John Reading

Source: George E. McCraken, Ph.D, F.A.S.G.

In the year of 15 Aug. 1980 sent (to D.F. McCarthy 7505 E. 20th Place, Tulsa, OK 74112) papers from The American Genealogist Vol. XXXIX 1963 pages 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147 English Ancestry of The Reading Family of New Jersey by Joseph M. Beatty Ph.D. of Baltimore, Maryland.

Ann Reading daughter of Gov. John Reading m. Rev. Charles Beatty.

Joseph Beatty went to England to search for family. He is opinion that Col. John is a son of John Reading + wife Mary of Pipe Hill, Litchfield, Staffordshire, England. The birth dates correspond to the day of Col. John and John born at Pipe Hill. See references —

Family Group Sheet

MORE RESEARCH NEEDED ON THIS 3/2

Husband's Full Name JOHN READING OF PIPE-HILL **Chart No.** 3 NO. 2

Husband's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info. on Husband
Birth			1760			ENGLAND	
Chr'nd							
Marr.							
Death							
Burial							

Places of Residence

Occupation LONDON MERCHANT Church Affiliation QUAKER Military Rec.

Other wives, if any No. (1) (2) etc.
Make separate sheet for each marr

His Father JOHN READING BAILIFF TO WALTER HEVINGHAM OF PIPE HILL 1644 Mother's Maiden Name

Wife's Full Maiden Name MARY

Wife's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info. on Wife
Birth							
Chr'nd							
Death							
Burial							

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation QUAKER Military Rec.

Other husbands, if any No. (1) (2) etc
Make separate sheet for each marr

Her Father Mother's Maiden Name

Sex	Children's Names in Full (Arranged in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day Month Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. Info on Children
	1 COL. JOHN READING	Birth	14 SEPT. 1657	PIPE HILL		ENG.	
		Marr.	22 FEB 1862				
	Full Name of Spouse ELIZABETH (illegible)	Death	OCT. 1717	BUCKINGHAM BUCKS Co.		PA.	
		Burial					
	2 JOB READING	Birth	8 NOV 1659				DID NOT COME TO AMERICA
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	3 DANIEL READING	Birth	28 JULY 1661				
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	4 JONAH READING	Birth	4 SEPT 1664	-			
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	5	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	6	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	7	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					
	8	Birth					
		Marr.					
	Full Name of Spouse	Death					
		Burial					

Compiler
Address
City, State, Zip
Date

Notes: SOURCE THE AMERICAN GENEALOGIST VOL XXXIX 1963 p. 142?

Form A100, Family Group Sheet by The Everton Publishers, P.O. Box 368, Logan, UT 84321. Publishers of *The Genealogical Helper*. Send for a free catalogue with list and full descriptions of many genealogical aids.

Husband's Full Name _____

Montmorency

Source: The Story of Civilization VI by Will & Ariel Durant
The Reformation

pp 727
Protestantism was fully developed not in France but in the Netherlands. Which of the Calvinists in France could have painted the portrait of Guillaume de Montmorency painted by an anonymous master about 1526, and now in the Louvre Museum?

pp. 734
Jean Cotterau, lay-brother monster, rebuilt the castle of Montmorency, Guillaume de Montmorency raised a force of 2,000 men to defend (1567) the castle against the Huguenots. He died (Mrs) Anne de Montmorency, Constable of France, victor at the battle of Cerisoles (1544) near Saint Denis

MONTLUÇON, an industrial town in central France, on the river, 57 mi. (91 km.) N.N.W. of Clermont-Ferrand by road, prefecture of the *département* of Allier. Pop. (1962) 54,947. ed at a point where five *départements*—Allier, Puy-de-, Creuse, Indre and Cher—are close to each other, Mont- an important industrial, commercial and agricultural he town is dominated on the right bank of the Cher feudal castle of the dukes of Bourbon; on the left bank, Ville Gozet, stand the factories which have largely con- to the modern economic development of the city. These steelworks and factories producing oxygen and nitrogen, glass, chemicals, rubber tires, underwear, textiles, stone- earthenware; there are also dye works, tanneries, a wax etc.

he architectural and picturesque interest of Montluçon is and in the old town, which contains two fine 12th- and tury churches. Its steep and winding streets are still y a number of old wooden houses dating from the 15th and enturies. The castle houses a museum, and the municipal is in the former Ursuline convent. The town has excellent ay and rail services and an airport. There are numerous the most important being the boys' and the girls' *lycées* national technical school, the latter of which is very mod- esign. About four miles away is Néris-les-Bains, a very old Roman city and a charming spa.

çon, which formed part of the duchy of Bourbon, was y the English in 1171 and by Philip Augustus in 1181; the were defeated there in the 14th century. Its industrial de- nt dates from the early 19th century, when coal was dis- in the Commentry area and the Berry canal was con- d.

(MA. F.)

NTMORENCY, the name of a noble and illustrious fam- France, derived from the town of Montmorency (in the *département* of Seine-et-Oise). With extensive ramifica- family provided 6 constables of France and 12 marshals, many other high officers under the crown, and accumu- s under the *ancien régime*. The styling of the head of "premier baron of France" or "premier Christian of ceable to the 14th century, but its significance is un- y have meant that the barony of Montmorency was fief of the Île-de-France, though in the 16th century ed as the premier barony "of the kingdom."

ntmorency in the Middle Ages.—The origins of the scure, but its descent has been traced back to Bou- Montmorency, who was living in the second half of the His descendants built up their estates in the neigh- Paris and acquired prestige by defending the capital invaders. An ALBERIC de Montmorency is cited as France in 1060, a THIBAUT as constable in 1083. IV, who died soon after 1124, is remembered for his he abbey of St. Denis, whose lands he ravaged before to obedience by the royal army. His son MATHIEU France from 1138, married first Aline, a natural Henry I of England, and second Adelaide of Savoy, VI of France; took part in the administration of Louis VII's absence on the second crusade (1147– still living in 1160. His grandson MATHIEU II the to capture Château-Gaillard (1203–04), took part in ian crusade, was constable of France from 1219, Louis VIII in the southwest (1224–25) and sup- mother, Blanche of Castile, during the troubled Louis IX. On his death (1230), the family divided the children of his second wife, Emma de Laval, Brittany under the name of Montmorency-Laval. great-grandson MATHIEU IV (died *c.* 1305), who was ain of France from *c.* 1285, was sent to help the I of Naples after the Sicilian Vespers (1282), ll-fated French invasion of Aragon (1285) and in Guienne from the English (1294) and also led an (1295). His great-grandson CHARLES (d. 1381), from 1344, fought the English in the Hundred was one of the negotiators of the peace of Brétigny in 1360. Under Louis XI of France, the elder sons of Charles's grandson Jean (d. 1477), namely JEAN, sire de Nivelle (*c.* 1422–77), and LOUIS, sire de Fosseux (d. 1490), supported Burgundy, and were accordingly disinherited from the barony of Montmorency in favour of their younger half brother GUILLAUME (d. 1531), who was chamberlain and councilor to Charles VIII and Louis XII of France.

Anne de Montmorency and His Descendants.—ANNE de Montmorency (1493–1567), born at Chantilly on March 15, 1493, was the second of Guillaume's four sons by his wife Anne Pot and was known till 1522 as the sieur de La Rochepot. He was brought up with the comte d'Angoulême, later Francis I of France. He was present at the battles of Ravenna (1512) and Marignano (1515), was sent to England as a hostage (1519), attended the Field of Cloth of Gold (1520), took part with Pierre Bayard in the defense of Mézières (1521) and, after raising an army in Switzerland, fought in Italy again (1522), capturing Novara and Vigevano. Francis I created him marshal of France (Aug. 1522), conferred the Order of St. Michael on him and admitted him to his council. After more service in Italy (1523–24), Montmorency defended Provence against the duc de Bourbon. He was captured with Francis I at Pavia (1525) but was soon released and helped to bring about the treaty of Madrid. In March 1526 he was appointed grand master of France (that is, superintendent of the royal household) and governor of Languedoc. Until 1541 he was the king's chief minister; while the chancellor Antoine Duprat attended to finance and justice, Montmorency controlled war, the royal household, public works and foreign affairs. His many extant letters reveal his prodigious ministerial energy; he was also irascible and ruthlessly authoritarian. In 1527 he succeeded in bringing England into the League of Cognac against the Holy Roman emperor Charles V, but by 1529 he favoured peace with Charles and helped to negotiate the peace of Cambrai. He attended Francis I's meeting with Henry VIII of England at Calais (1532) and prepared his meeting with Pope Clement VII at Marseilles (1533). In 1536, by means of a "scorched earth" strategy, he compelled Charles V to withdraw from Provence. He was appointed constable of France in Feb. 1538. He had, however, several enemies at court, notably the duchesse d'Étampes, the admiral Claude Annebaut and the cardinal François de Tournon; and in 1541 he fell into disgrace and went into retirement.

Recalled to court on Henry II's accession (1547), Montmorency savagely crushed a revolt at Bordeaux (1548). He was created duc de Montmorency and a peer of France in July 1551. As a military commander he was brave rather than skilful, and his attempt to relieve St. Quentin, which the Spaniards were besieging, ended in his defeat and capture (1557). He was released at the peace of Câteau-Cambrésis (1559), but it was not until the accession of Charles IX (1560) that he was able to return to court. Catherine de Médicis then hoped to use him to counter the influence of the house of Guise, but he disapproved of her policy of tolerating the Huguenots and formed a "triumvirate" for the protection of Catholicism with François de Guise and the marshal de Saint-André (Jacques d'Albon). In the first of the wars of religion he was wounded and captured at Dreux (1562). After his release, he and his son François expelled the English from Le Havre (1563). Wounded at the battle of St. Denis (Nov. 10, 1567), the constable duc de Montmorency died in Paris two days later. Anne was a notable patron of the arts. His collection included Michelangelo's "Captives," and he employed the architect Jean Bullant on his châteaux of Chantilly, Fère-en-Tardenois and Écouen.

The eldest of Anne's five sons by Madeleine of Savoy was FRANÇOIS de Montmorency (1530–79). He fought in Piedmont (1551), defended Thérouanne (1553) and was appointed lieutenant general of the Île-de-France (1556). In 1557 he visited Rome to obtain a papal dispensation releasing him from his betrothal to Jeanne de Piennes, so that he could marry Diane de France (*q.v.*). He succeeded his father as duc de Montmorency in 1567. Having been a close friend of the Huguenot leader, his cousin the admiral de Coligny (son of Anne's sister Louise), he became a leader of the moderate Catholic party of the Politiques and was imprisoned in the Bastille in May 1574, but was released before the "peace of

Monsieur" (1576). He died on May 5, 1579.

François was succeeded as duc de Montmorency by his brother Henri I (1534–1614), who, under the title of sieur de Damville, by which he is usually remembered, had fought in various theatres of war and became governor of Languedoc (1563) and marshal of France (1566). As a leader of the Politiques he administered Languedoc independently of the royal government and of Paris. In 1593 he acknowledged Henry IV as king and, in December, was rewarded with the office of constable. According to Brantôme he was illiterate. He died at Agde on April 1, 1614.

Henry II de Montmorency (1595–1632), son of François by his second wife, Louise de Budos, was appointed to succeed his father as governor of Languedoc in 1608 and became grand admiral in 1612. Duc de Montmorency from 1614, he campaigned against the Huguenots in 1620 and took part in the sieges of Montauban and Montpellier. In 1625 the fleet which he commanded recaptured the islands of Ré and Oléron, and in 1628 he fought against Henry de Rohan in Languedoc. In 1629–30 he served as lieutenant general in Piedmont, defeating the Spaniards at Avigliana. Marshal of France from Dec. 1630, he joined the faction of Gaston, duc d'Orléans, and tried to raise Languedoc against the cardinal de Richelieu. Defeated in battle at Castelnaudary (Sept. 1, 1632) and taken prisoner, he was tried before the *parlement* of Toulouse and, despite the pleas of several prominent persons, was executed as a traitor on Oct. 30, 1632. His widow, Maria Felicia Orsini (1600–66), took the veil and became superior of the convent of the Visitation at Moulins.

Henry II's beautiful sister Charlotte de Montmorency (1594–1650) had been married in 1609 to Henry II de Bourbon, prince de Condé (*see* Condé, Princes de), who had to send her abroad to escape King Henry IV's passionate attentions. Later she courageously upheld her children's cause during the Fronde. The peerage duchy of Montmorency, extinct on her brother's death, was revived for the Condés in 1633; but its name was changed to Enghien in 1689.

The Elder Lines of Montmorency.—The most famous descendant of the sire de Nivelle (*see* above) was his great-grandson Philippe de Montmorency, count of Horn, beheaded with the count of Egmond (*q.v.*) in 1568. The duelist François comte de Boutteville (*see* Duel), beheaded in 1627, was sixth in descent from the sire de Fosseux and was the father of two remarkable children: Isabelle Angélique (1627–1695), notorious for her intrigues as duchesse de Châtillon and later as duchess of Mecklenburg; and François Henri, the great marshal duc de Luxembourg (*q.v.*). The duchy of Beaufort, granted to the latter's eldest son Charles François (1662–1726) in 1688, was renamed Montmorency in 1689; acquired through marriage (1767) by a senior branch of the line of Fosseux, it became extinct with Raoul in 1862 (Napoleon III, however, gave the title duc de Montmorency in 1864 to Adalbert de Talleyrand-Périgord, son of Raoul's sister Alix). Other French ducal titles held by descendants of the marshal duc de Luxembourg were: Châtillon (1696; renamed Boutteville 1736; extinct with the last successor to the Luxembourg title in 1861); and Beaumont (1765–1878).

The house of Montmorency-Laval, which furnished three of the family's marshals of France, including the notorious Gilles de Rais (*q.v.*), acquired the title of duc de Laval in 1758 (extinct 1851) and the Spanish title of duque de San Fernando Luis in 1815.

See F. Decrue, *Anne de Montmorency*, 2 vol. (1885–89). (R. J. K.)

MONTPELIER, the capital of Vermont, U.S., and seat of Washington county since 1811, is located on the upper Winooski river near the centre of the state, 7 mi. from Barre and 40 mi. E.S.E. of Burlington. It commands the best route through the northern Green mountains for many alternate routes out of the Connecticut valley. Montpelier citizens led in developing turnpikes, stage routes, railroads and federal highways and benefited by each, except the Central Vermont railway which left the city on a spur.

Its economy has been based on state government, insurance, the granite industry, printing and local commerce, with minor specialties in machinery and baking. Employment of white collar and professional workers in government and insurance offices raises the median of school years completed beyond that of the high school graduate. Vermont college, a Methodist college organized in Newbury in 1834 and moved to Montpelier in 1868, is a junior college for women.

Because of official printing, Montpelier publishers steadily led the state in imprints, and 19th-century editors, notably of the Federalist–Whig–Republican *Watchman* (established 1806) and the Democratic *Patriot* (established 1826) were influential in state politics.

Named for Montpellier, France, the town was chartered in 17[illegible] by 60 proprietors from Massachusetts and western Vermont, established a town meeting in 1791 and was named the state capital in 1805. It defeated several attempts by Burlington and other towns to succeed it as the capital, climaxed in 1857 when fire [illegible] the state house a granite shell.

Montpelier's greatest relative importance was in stagecoach days: it ranked second to Burlington in 1840. The village, incorporated in 1828 with less than a quarter of the original 23[illegible] ac., was detached in 1848 and the farming area became East Montpelier. Chartered as a city in 1895 in its period of maximum growth, it nearly doubled population from 1890 to 1910. World War I severely checked its economy, which recovered gradually in spite of a disastrous flood in 1927, with the expansion of state bureaus. Montpelier has a council–manager form of government in effect since 1956.

For comparative population figures *see* table in Vermont: *Population.* (T. D. S. B.)

MONTPELLIER, a university town of southern France, capital of the *département* of Hérault and chief town of Languedoc, 32 mi. (52 km.) S.W. of Nîmes by road and 6 mi. from the Mediterranean at Palavas (beach). Pop. (1962) 109,116. Montpellier stands in a fruitful plain near the right bank of the small Lez river. Features of the town are a fine terrace, Le Peyrou, with views of the Mediterranean, the Pyrenees and the Alps, and the famous Botanical garden (1593). The 14th-century Gothic cathedral suffered severely during the religious wars, and the choir was rebuilt. Close to the medical school (housed in a former Benedictine monastery) is the Tour des Pins, chief relic of the medieval fortifications. The Musée Fabre contains good collections of paintings and sculptures. Montpellier possesses old houses of the 15th, 16th and 18th centuries.

The Lez is canalized to connect Montpellier with the Canal du Midi and with the sea at Palavas. Situated in the richest wine producing region of France, it is an important market for wine and dessert grapes. The cultivation of early vegetables and fruit (apples, cherries and peaches) has developed in the locality. Manufactures include chemicals, textiles, electronic apparatus and licorice. The town is the centre of an *académie* (educational division), of a bishopric, of courts of appeal and assizes, of tribunals of first instance and of commerce, and of a council of labour relations. The Institute of Industrial Pharmacy and the European Institute of Agronomic Studies are also located there.

Montpellier rose into importance in the 8th century. In 1141 it acquired a charter, later materially extended, and the same century saw the rise of its school of medicine. Several of the ablest teachers of that school were members of an important Jewish colony established in the town, and Rabelais lectured there in the 16th century. The school of law dates from 1160, and the university was founded by Pope Nicholas IV toward the close of the 13th century. The bishopric of Maguelonne was transferred to Montpellier in 1536. In the wars of religion it was a Huguenot centre. Louis XIII took it after a long siege in 1622. The town walls, except the royal citadel then just built (1624), were razed in 1629. Louis XIII made Montpellier the seat of one of the *généralités* of Languedoc, and the states of that province met there during the 17th and 18th centuries.

MONTPENSIER, ANNE MARIE LOUISE D'ORLÉANS, Duchesse de (1627–1693), French princess, was born in Paris on May 29, 1627. As her father, Gaston, duc d'Orléans (*q.v.*), had the designation Monsieur, she was known as Mademoiselle. From her mother, Marie de Bourbon-Montpensier, who died after the childbirth (June 4, 1627), she inherited a huge

Coligny, Louise de
(1555-1620)
da. of Admiral
Coligny

The Story of Civilization Vol VIII
by Will and Ariel Durant

The Age of Reason Begins

p. 438

William of Orange (William the Silent)
married 4 times

1st m.
2d. m. Anne, da. of Maurice, Elector of Saxony
3r. m. Charlotte de Bourbon of the royal house of France (1575) She died 1582
4th m. Louise de Coligny, da. of the admiral who perished in the Massacre of St. Bartholomew

France
Rulers

Rulers of France

1. Merovingians
   481 – 511 Clovis, first French King
   511 – 751 Desc. of Clovis
2. Carolengians
   751 – 768 Pepin the Short
   768 – 814 Charlemagne, son of Pepin
   814 – 987 Charlemagne descendants
3. Capetians
   987 – 996 Hugh Capet
   996 – 1031 Robert II the Pious
   1031 – 1060 Henry I
   1060 – 1108 Philip II
   1108 – 1137 Louis VI, the Fat
   1137 – 1180 Louis VII
   1180 – 1223 Philip II Augustus
   1223 – 1226 Louis VIII
   1226 – 1270 Louis IX (St Louis)
   1270 – 1285 Philip III, the Rash
   1285 – 1314 Philip IV
   1314 – 1316 Louis X
   1316 – 1322 Philip V
   1322 – 1328 Charles IV
4. Valois Branch, Capetian Dynasty
   1328 – 1350 Philip VI
   1350 – 1364 John
   1364 – 1380 Charles V
   1380 – 1422 Charles VI
   1422 – 1461 Charles VII
   1461 – 1483 Louis XI
   1483 – 1498 Charles VIII
   1498 – 1515 Louis XII
   1515 – 1547 Francis I
   1547 – 1559 Henry II
   1559 – 1560 Francis II
   1560 – 1574 Charles IX
   1574 – 1589 Henry III
5. Bourbons
   1589 – 1610 Henry IV
   1610 – 1643 Louis XIII
   1643 – 1715 Louis XIV
   1715 – 1774 Louis XV
   1774 – 1779 Louis XVI

Came to America from Amsterdam
Settled New York

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date | Search No. | Enclosure No.

Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

☐ Bible
☐ Census
☐ Church Dutch Reformed
☐ Correspondence
☐ Court
☐ Deed
☐ History
☐ Home
☐ Interview
☐ Military
☐ Obituary
☐ Tombstone
☐ Vital Record
Other THE AM. GEN. Vol. 35, No. 4

☐ Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:
☐ Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:
☐ Photo Copy: ☐ Handwritten: ☐ Typewritten: ☐ Printed

Legibility

Name of Subject Joris Jansen de Rapalje

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth	28	April	1604	Valenciennes,		Spanish Netherlands
Chr'nd	28	Apr.	1604			
Mar.	21	Jan.	1624	Amsterdan		Holland
Death	21	Feb.	1663	Brooklyn		N.Y
Burial						

Places of Residence 1624 Fort Orange N.Y. Albany
1626 Manhatten N.Y

Occupation Textile Worker in Holland Church Affiliation Dutch Reform Military Rec.

Father Jean Rapareillet Mother

Name of Spouse Catalina Trico

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth			1605		Pry	Spanish Netherlands
Chr'nd						
Death	11	Sept	1689	Long Island		N.Y.
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Jeronymus Joris (Geo) Trico Mother

Copy verbatum on this form the information you find in the various records or books as you do your research. (You will find differences in records.) Make a separate sheet for each search or each name or family on your line found in a search. Then, after information has been extracted from all sources, you may easily make comparisons of statements, judge value of each, and record correct data on a permanent form such as A1, F1, F3 or F6. See The Sixth Edition THE HOW BOOK FOR GENEALOGISTS for additional suggestions regarding the use of this sheet.

#	Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
1	Sarah	Birth	9	June	1625	Fort Orange (Albany)		N.Y.	
	Sara Rapalje	Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
	Hans Hansen Bergen	Burial							
	2. Teunis Bogaert								
2		Birth	11	Mar.	1627				
	Marritje Joris Rapalje	Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
	Michael Vanderweert	Burial							
3		Birth	18	Aug	1629				
	Jannetje Joris Rapalje	Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
	Rem Jansen Van der Beeck	Burial							
4		Birth	5	July	1635				
	Judith Joris Rapalje	Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
	Pieter Pietersen Van Nest	Burial							

*Use (1), (2), etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

M. 5. Jan Joriszen Rapalje m. Maria Fredericks Maer
B. 28 Aug. 1637
M.
D.

M. 6. Jacob Joriszen Rapalje
B. 28 May 1639 killed by Indians

F. 7. Cathalyntie Joris Rapalje m. Jeremiah Jansen Westerhout
B. 28 March 1641
M.
D.

M. 8. Jeronimus Joriszen Rapalje m. Annetje Teunis Denys
B. 27 June, 1643
M.
D.

F. 9. Annetje Joris Rapalje m. Marten Reyerszen (Ryerson)
B. 8 Feb. 1646 B.
M. 1663 D. 1687
D.

F. 10. Elizabeth Joris Rapalje m. Dirck Corneliszen Hogeland
B. 28 March 1648
M.
D.

M. 11. Daniel Joriszen Rapalje m. Sarah Abrahams Clock
B. 29 Dec. 1650
M.
D.

The Founding Families of New Netherland

No. 4 — THE RAPALJE-RAPELJE FAMILY, Part III.

by George Olin Zabriskie, Fellow of the American Society of Genealogists.

Joris Rapalje, and wife, Catalina Trico, raised large family as he prospered in business, became active in public life.

LIKE some genealogical studies of other Dutch families in America, early accounts written about Joris Janszen Rapalje, his wife Catalina Jeronimus Trico and their offspring tend to show more solicitude for tradition than ascertainable fact. Not infrequently the writers differ over such basic data as when and where the Rapaljes lived, and when and where their children were born. Let us consider these matters with a view to clarifying the sequence of events and establishing a factual record.

First it should be noted that the Rapaljes lived initially at Fort Orange, and not on Long Island or Staten Island as has been variously asserted. Joris, a textile worker in Holland until he and Catalina emigrated as youthful newlyweds in 1624, adapted himself to the endless toil of the pioneer, although we do not know exactly what he did. Without farming experience, he could have helped clear the land and plant crops during the three growing seasons (Catalina called them "years") the family lived at Fort Orange. Perhaps he served as a field-guard while others cleared and planted, or aided the fur traders in dealing with the Indians or in processing furs. In any event Joris profited from the experience, for in later years he would own and operate farm property in the Wallabout section of Brooklyn.

Soon after the harvest in 1626 the Rapaljes' sojourn at Fort Orange terminated when the Company re-settled all eight families there in Manhattan. With their removal from the area, Fort Orange ceased to be a settlement and reverted to its former status of fortified trading post; and so it remained for several years. In 1630 a small number of Rensselaerswyck colonists arrived, some with families. Another group came in 1631; and others followed. For these people the fort provided protection and a source of supply. Long afterward, in 1652, the village of Beverwyck was established encompassing Fort Orange within its boundaries.

The re-location of families downriver was pursuant to a Company decision to establish a center of operations for New Netherland on Manhattan. Selection of this locale over the initially favored Burlington Island in the Delaware River made it necessary to build up the site, called New Amsterdam, and for this purpose Company-obligated colonists were brought together on the southern tip of Manhattan. Here a fort, building lots, farms, and a road system had been laid out and construction begun. More land was to be cleared, and houses and mills built. But settlers from *Patria* were few and progress slow. Even after 1629, when land was offered to the patroons and free settlers alike, the settlement grew very slowly.[20*]

For some time after arriving in New Amsterdam the Rapaljes probably lived in a rough shelter near the East River. Again, we do not know the nature of Joris' work; perhaps he was a farmhand at the outset, helping to clear and cultivate the land, or caring for the farm animals sent over from Holland in 1625. Eventually, as Joris moved up in the world, the couple acquired a building lot just south of the Fort, and there they built two houses on the north side of Pearl Street, at Nos. 17 and 19, west of *Het Marckvelt* (present Whitehall Street); their daughter Sarah lived next door at about No. 15. The records of New Amsterdam and New Netherland show that Joris embarked upon a many-faceted career in which, besides gaining prominence in public affairs, he became a plantation owner, part-owner of a privateer, trader and tavernkeeper.

In 1637 Joris bought from the Indians land at the Wallabout (Dutch for "an inner bay") in present Brooklyn — the first acreage to be purchased in that part of Long Island, adjacent to the East River. The 1639 Manatus Map shows two "plantages" there, both his (the word signified something less than a fully equipped farm). While Joris, with several others, may have farmed the Wallabout property at that time, the Rapaljes did not move there permanently until after 1650. Their daughter Sarah was born at Fort Orange; all the other children were born on Manhattan. The family probably moved after selling their Pearl Street home in 1654. Catalina retained ownership of the smaller house on this lot until she sold it in 1674.[21]

Day-to-day actions of the Rapaljes and other colonists were greatly influenced by the ever-present Indians, a volatile and powerful element, generally well disposed but dangerous when provoked. As Catalina said in her deposition in 1688, the Indians near Fort Orange "came and made Covenants of friendship with ye said Arien Jorrise, the Commander, Bringing him great Presents . . . that they might come & have Constant free trade with them . . . ye said Deponent lived in Albany three years, all which time ye sd Indians were all quiet as lambs, & came & traded with all ye freedom imaginable . . .".

This statement was true except for one isolated incident. When the ship *Mackeral* sailed from New Netherland in 1624 the supercargo, Daniel Krieckenbeeck, remained at Fort Orange and in 1626 was in command. In July of that year he and some men rashly joined a Mohegan war party against the Mohawks, and in the ensuing fight he and three of his men were killed. According to Wassenaer, one of them "they [the Mohawks] devoured after having well roasted him; the rest they burnt."

Despite its potential for creating permanent hostility between the Dutch and Mohawk Indians, this episode caused only momentary friction. Some writers have stated that the incident brought about the removal of colonists from Fort Orange to New Amsterdam, but this was not the case. Protected by the fort, the Dutch families stood in no great danger of attack; but they were needed to construct the fort and other buildings at New Amsterdam, and to add more manpower to control the warlike Manhattes Indians.[22]

A good deal has been written about the Company's several Directors General in New Netherland, much of it derogatory, often justifiably so. Willem Kieft, by far the least competent of these officials, was commissioned in September 1637 and took office March 28, 1638. His Indian policy, as outlined in a resolution he

*The footnotes beginning on Page 12 continue in sequence those published in the April issue.

induced his Council to pass on September 15, 1639, was "To exact tribute from the Indians in maize, furs or wampum, and in the case of unwillingness to employ proper means to remove their reluctance."

Naturally, friction developed and relations worsened until in February 1643, upon Kieft's orders, Dutch soldiers and burghers massacred two unsuspecting groups of Indians — men, women and children — in their encampments, one at Pavonia on the Jersey shore of the Hudson and the other on Manhattan. In retaliation the vengeful Indians, besides destroying an immense amount of property, killed, captured or drove into New Amsterdam virtually every settler in the lower Hudson Valley. It was probably during this period of conflict, which brought New Netherland to the brink of ruin, that the Rapaljes' son Jacob was "slain by the heathens."

Some time before, in 1641 while Kieft was demanding taxes from the natives, a colonist on Manhattan was murdered by an Indian from Westchester. The culprit was identified but Kieft could not induce the tribesmen to deliver him up. Angered, the Director asked the commonalty to elect a board of twelve men to advise him on what to do and on Indian problems in general. But when duly elected, the Twelve Men recommended various reforms, whereupon Kieft dismissed the board; but not before three members concurred, or so he claimed, in taking extreme measures against the Indians. Joris was one of the Twelve but, to his credit, not one of the three named by Kieft.

After the family removed to the Wallabout more Indian troubles developed. In September 1655, when Stuyvesant and most of his armed forces were on the Delaware subduing the Swedes, Indians swarmed into New Amsterdam to avenge the slaying of a squaw for stealing peaches. After hours of harassing the inhabitants, wounding the burgher who shot the woman, and killing several of the watch, the warriors crossed over to the Jersey shore and captured or slew most of the Dutch settlers found there. The next day they moved on to Staten Island and continued to pillage and kill. Again, nearly all Dutch families in the lower Hudson Valley had to abandon temporarily their farms and settlements, and flee to New Amsterdam for protection; and again the colony sustained heavy losses in property.[23]

The selection of Joris Rapalje as one of the Twelve Men showed his standing among the colonists. After the family removed to the Wallabout he served as *schepen* on the Brooklyn court from 1655-57 and in 1660. Records of the Brooklyn Reformed Church show that he witnessed the baptism of a grandson on April 30, 1662; and in the membership records we find, under date of December 25, 1662, Jorise Janssen Rappalje, Catharina Jeronymos and Catharina Joris Rapalje listed as joining the church from "the Manhattans." Joris died February 21, 1662, according to John A. Bogart in *The Bogart Family* (Scranton, Pa., 1959, p.64), and most likely was buried on his farm at the Wallabout.

Catalina Jeronimus Trico was a remarkable person. She did not read or write; at least we must assume so, since she signed her marriage intention and a deposition by mark. Starting out as an 18-year-old French-speaking Walloon bride on a Dutch ship bound for a little known land, she observed and retained for over sixty years many unusual details of the voyage to America.

In her old age she correctly recalled, for example, that the two boats at Esopus belonged to Dutchmen who the year before had "been a tradeing with ye Indians upon there own accounts . . .". Also, that eight men were left at the mouth of the Hudson "to take Possession . . .". We can verify many of the major aspects of her testimony, such as the name of the vessel she came on, the skipper's name and the fact that he stayed for the first winter, and sent his son back to Holland in command of the ship. We have no way to cross-check some statements, such as the numbers of families and men sent to various locations; but we know she was very nearly right in her count, and fully correct regarding the areas to which the people were dispatched.

Catalina helped her husband with his business affairs until his death, and outlived him by many years. In 1680 she was visited by the Labadists, who said she then had 145 living descendants, with an increase to 150 anticipated. Dr. George E. McCracken, in the October 1959 issue of *The American Genealogist*, provides a list of 150 descendants and in-laws. And if we can believe a passage in Governor Thomas Dongan's official report of September 22, 1686/7, this number more than doubled in about seven years. Dongan's report, which concerned the province's fortifications, contains this digression: ". . . the people growing every day more numerous & they generaly [sic] of a turbulent disposition. In this Country there is a woman yet alive [certainly Catalina] from whose Loyns there are upwards of three hundred and sixty persons now living. The men that are here have generally lusty strong bodies."[24]

After the publication of Part I of this article, Mr. Hugh T. Law, of the French and Mediterranean Genealogical Research Association, 1216 Lillie Circle, Salt Lake City, Utah 84121, furnished data about the parentage of Joris Janszen Rapalje which augments that previously given. We are grateful to Mr. Law and his client, Mrs. Irma P. Snow, for the information. It is based mainly on research performed in 1960 in France.

From his investigations Mr. Law drew two conclusions: (1) that Walloon and Huguenot families sometimes took their children to Roman Catholic priests to be baptized, in the absence of Protestant clergy or to avoid persecution; and (2) that Roman Catholic priests sometimes refused to recognize the validity of Protestant marriages and recorded children born of such marriages as illegitimate.

Mr. Law considers that the following six children of

(*Continued on next page*)

[20]Weslager, pp.43-81. Stokes, IV, pp.65-66. Van Rappard Documents, pp. xxi-xxiii, 40, 51, 85, 89, 165-166. Doc. History, III, p.44.

[21]Stokes, II, pp. 202, 273, 387. Berthold Fernow, *Records of New Amsterdam, 1653-1674* (New York, 1897), I, pp. 1-2, 5-8, 94, 105, 109, 113-114, 338-339, 377; II, p.157; III, pp. 408, 411, 421, 424. E. B. O'Callagan, ed., *Calendar of Dutch Manuscripts* [hereafter cited as CDM], (Albany, 1865), I, pp. 1, 27, 31, 37, 57, 73, 85, 209, 364, 367, 373. *Marriage Register*, New Amsterdam Dutch Reformed Church, p.37.

[22]Van Rappard Documents, pp. 176, 212, 264. Brodhead, I, p.169. Doc. History, III. pp.31-32.

[23]Weslager, pp.193-236. Col. Docs., I, pp.149-156; XIII. pp.49-61. CDM, I, p.69. Adrian C. Leiby, *The Early Dutch and Swedish Settlers of New Jersey* (Princeton, 1964), pp.34-49. Leigh K. Lydecker, "History of New Netherland Reviewed", pub. *de Halve Maen* (October 1954), p.16.

[24]Doc. History, I, p.159. *Holl. Soc. of N.Y., 1897 Year Book*, pp. 135, 146. E. B. O'Callaghan, ed., *Register of New Netherland, 1626-1674* (Albany, 1865), pp. 53, 74-75.

2. *Marritje Joris Rapalje:* born March 11, 1627, "De Twede Dochter, Genaamt, Marretie." She married Michiel Pauluszen Van der Voort.
3. *Jannetje Joris Rapalje:* born August 18, 1629, "De Derde Dochter, Genaamt, Jannetie." She married Rem Janszen Van der Beeck.
4. *Judith Joris Rapalje:* born July 5, 1635, "De 4 Dochter, Genaamt, Judick." She married Pieter Pieterszen Van Ness.
5. *Jan Joriszen Rapalje:* born August 28, 1637, "Den Eersten soon, Genaamt, Jan." He married Maria Fredericks Maer.
6. *Jacob Joriszen Rapalje:* born May 28, 1639, "De Twede soon, Genaamt, Jacob." He was "killed by the heathens," probably in 1643.
7. *Cathalyntje Joris Rapalje:* born March 28, and baptized March 29, 1641. "De Fifde Dochter, Genaamt, Cateleyntie." She married Jeremiah Janszen Westerhout.
8. *Jeronimus Joriszen Rapalje:* born June 27, and baptized June 28, 1643, "De Derde Soon, Genaamt, Jeronemus." He married Annetje Teunis Denys.
9. *Annetje Joris Rapalje:* born February 8, and baptized February 11, 1646, "De Sesde Dochter, Genaamt, Annetie." She married Marten Reyerszen.
10. *Elisabeth Joris Rapalje:* born March 28, and baptized March 29, 1648. "De Sevende Dochter, Genaamt, Elisabett." She married Dirck Corneliszen Hogeland.
11. *Daniel Joriszen Rapalje:* born December 29, 1650 and baptized January 1, 1651. "De Vierde soon, Genaamt, Daniel De Rappelje." He married Sarah Abrahams Clock.[26]

As previously noted, there were pregnant women in New Netherland when Krol left to return to Holland in mid-1624. Since Sarah Rapalje was born on June 9, 1625, Catalina Trico was not one of them. And probably Ariantje Cuvilje (Vigne) had not yet conceived Jan Vigne since her daughter Rachel was only about fifteen months old at the time Krol departed. Hence it is improbable that Jan and Sarah were the first "christian" male and female children born in New Netherland. Those honors must go to the two or more infants born of undetermined parentage in the last half of 1624 and the early part of 1625, to parents, that is, who joined most of the other early colonists in returning to Europe after their contract term expired, or who were released early.

In April 1656, Sarah Rapalje referred to herself as "Sara Joresey, first born christian daughter of New Netherland." Her statement would be true if all children born before her were males, or if it meant she was the first of the living native-born female New Netherlanders. Jan Vigne and Sarah Rapalje apparently were the first "christian" male and female who were born, lived, and died in New Netherland.[27]

It would be manifestly unfair to the three pioneer families — Rapalje, Vigne and du Trieux, who stayed on after offspring were born — to rank them in a sequence necessarily arrived at by conjecture; each was one of the three Founding Families of New Netherland. With this we complete our account of the Rapaljes; the du Trieux and Vignes are to be discussed later in the present series. The next article, however, — to serve as sequel to Mr. P. H. Bogaard's admirable three-part study entitled "The Dutch Ancestry of Domine Everardus Bogardus" (concluded in *de Halve Maen* last January) — will concern the celebrated Anneke Jans, wife of Domine Bogardus and previously the wife of Roelof Janszen, and her children by both husbands.

(Concluded)

[26] *Baptismal Register,* New Amsterdam Dutch Reformed Church, I, pp. 12, 15, 20, 24, 28.

[27] Much speculative comment about the early births in New Netherland has been published. The only documentary statements are these: (1) by Sebastian Janszen Krol to the Consistory of Amsterdam, November 14, 1624: "There are pregnant women there [in New Netherland] . . ."; (2) letter dated November 5, 1626, to the States General at The Hague, written at Amsterdam by Pieter Jansen Schagen, the States' delegate to the West India Company: "Yesterday, arrived here the ship the Arms of Amsterdam which sailed from New Netherland, out of the River Mauritius on the 23rd September. They report . . . the women also have borne some children there . . .". Stokes, IV, p.54. Vosburgh, p.7. Col. Docs., I, pp.37-38. CDM, p.164.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

(*Continued from Page* 8)

ently one of the most odious offenses, elicited the most elaborate executions. The supreme court ordered Jan Creoli, a black, to be choked to death, then burned to ashes, for that crime in 1646. In 1660, the court directed that a soldier be tied in a sack and drowned in the river for the same offense.[13]

In 1625, in the early days of New Netherland, the Company intended that at least some offenders be returned to Europe for sentencing and punishment. Whether any criminals were actually punished in this clumsy and time-consuming way is unknown. Even the most severe punishments were being carried out in New Netherland in the 1630s. Still, there remained some question in 1648 as to whether offenders should be shipped to Holland. In that year, Director Peter Stuyvesant sent a felon to the Netherlands and was reprimanded for his act. Presumably any capital punishments which were effected, however, were carried out in New Netherland.[14]

Capital punishment in New Netherland, then, was a rare occurrence. How is this to be explained in view of the very frequent executions in the Netherlands, over two hundred in the last quarter of the seventeenth century in the city of Amsterdam alone? The leaders of the Company and the province no doubt felt that the frequent executions of Europe would be detrimental to a tiny community in the wilderness, short of labor and threatened by Indians and other European colonists. Instead, severe corporal punishments were generally inflicted, calculated to inspire awe of authority and to keep order in the province, yet to permit the criminal to return to his labors as soon as possible.[15]

Washington Irving was far from the truth when he portrayed New Netherland as free from crimes and punishments. He was virtually correct, however, when he described the province as being innocent of hangmen and other executioners.

[13] I. N. P. Stokes, *The Iconography of Manhattan Island* (New York, 1915-28), II, p.343; O'Callaghan, *Calendar,* pp. 89, 103, 213, 259.

[14] Van Laer, *Documents,* pp. 39, 98; J. R. Brodhead, *History of the State of New York* (New York, 1853-71), I, pp.477-478.

[15] Zumthor, 253. Court proceedings show numerous sentences of whipping, branding, maiming and other brutal punishments. See O'Callaghan, *Calendar,* pp.61-269, *passim.* The infamous administration of Director William Kieft (1638-46) was especially repressive and brutal; Brodhead, II, p.278; O'Callaghan, *History,* I, pp.393-396.

of Nicholas Gass jr) was born May 10, 1767 and marri[illegible] Sarah Barber. She was born Feby 1771. Their childre[illegible]

Ruby Whitcomb born jan^y 12, 1791
Ashel Whitcomb born Oct- 21, 1792
Ira Whitcomb born August 6, 1795
Lumman Whitcomb born June 11, 1795 [1798??]
Lisaac [Isaac?] Whitcomb born January 9, 1802
Almira Whitcomb born March 6th, 1807 [died Jan. 2[illegible], 1899, added by John R. Rood]
Ruel Whitcomb born Jan 13, 1810
Isrial Whitcomb born Octr 3, 1812

Deaths

Sarah Barber Whitcomb died Novr 18, 1812
Elizabeth Arnold (nee Miss Sunderlin) 2nd wife of Isrial Whitcomb died Feb 15, 1848 ae 79 yrs
Isrial Whitcomb jun died April 2, 1842

Isrial Whitcomb jr married Elizabeth Arnold July 27, 1813. John Barber, father of Sarah, was an Englishm[illegible] and lived in Woodstock. His wife died when Sarah was [illegible] baby and Sarah was brought up by her Aunt Ames while her father removed to Elmira, N.Y., married a 2nd wi[illegible] and by her had a large family.

Editor's Note: The above records bear internal e[illegible]dence of being from an authentic family register, bu[illegible] mistakes may have been made in copying or reading and it must be understood that it has not been verified [illegible] comparison with the original register, the whereabou[illegible] of which are unknown. It should be of value, howeve[illegible] to descendants of this Whitcomb family.

Dr. Buell indicates that the family lived near Ha[illegible]ter, Greene Co., N.Y. This township was set off fr[illegible] Windsor, which earlier had been part of Woodstock in Ulster County. Hence this is probably the Woodstock where John Barber lived, the state not being noted i[illegible] the record.

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CATALYNTJE TRICO RAPALJE

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[illegible]he Rapalje family of New Amsterdam, Albany, and [illegible]ooklyn, is the subject of a considerable bibliography: [illegible]haniel S. Prime, A History of Long Island, etc. (New [illegible]rk 1845), pp. 257-62; Jerome B. Holgate, American [illegible]nealogy, etc. (New York 1851), pp. 15-19; James Riker, [illegible]als of Newtown (New York 1852), pp. 267-90; Gabriel [illegible]man, Notes....relating to the Town of Brooklyn, etc. [illegible]ooklyn 1865), p. 99; Teunis G. Bergen, The Bergen [illegible]ily, etc. (New York, 1st ed., 1866), pp. 12-17 (a [illegible]nd edition, which I have not seen, appeared in [illegible]c]; Teunis G. Bergen, Register....of the Early Set[illegible]rs of Kings County, etc. (New York 1881), p. 234; [illegible]rles Kingsbury Miller, Historic Families of America, [illegible]. (Chicago 1897), pp. 92 f., 97, 100; Anonymous, [illegible]amous New York Families, XXIII: The Rapaljes" (New [illegible]k Evening Post, 20 July 1901); Genealogical Record [illegible]the Saint Nicholas Society (New York 1903), p. 244; [illegible]k Allaben, Ancestry of Leander Howard Crall (New [illegible]k 1908), pp. 265-98, with an appendix on pp. 391-[illegible]; James E. Gibbons, Utah Genealogical and Historical [illegible]agazine, 28:9-13; Louis P. DeBoer, Genealogical Maga[illegible]ze of New Jersey, 4:1-10; Proceedings of the Huguenot [illegible]ciety of Pennsylvania, 25:171 f. (this refers to some[illegible] else in vols. 2-3 of the same periodical); Sara [illegible]on Koehler, Huguenot Ancestors Represented in the [illegible]ership of the Huguenot Society of New Jersey (2nd [illegible], 1956), p. 62; and on the Walloons in general, Hen[illegible]. Bayer, The Belgians, First Settlers in New York [illegible] in the Middle States (New York 1925).

[illegible]f these the study by Allaben superseded everything [illegible] before 1908 and has not been itself superseded by [illegible]thing printed since then, nor is it likely to be [illegible]rseded in the future. He convincingly exploded the [illegible]stastic claims for a European ancestry which were put [illegible] by Holgate and Miller and were reissued, without [illegible]wledge of Allaben, by Gibbons. DeBoer's contribu[illegible]n consists of a collection of isolated data refer[illegible] to European Rapaljes who may or may not have been

Children of Joris Janszen Rapalje and Catalyntje Jeronymus Trico

1. Sara, b. Albany, 9 June 1625, baptism not found.[2]
2. Marratie, b. Albany or New Amsterdam, 18 Aug. 1627, baptism not found.
3. Jannetie, b. New Amsterdam, 18 Aug. 1629, baptism not found.
4. Judith, b. New Amsterdam, 5 July 1635, baptism not found.
5. Jan, b. New Amsterdam, 28 Aug. 1637, baptism not found.
6. Jacob, b. New Amsterdam, 28 May 1639, baptism not found.[3]
7. Catalyntje, b. 28 Mar. 1641, bapt. 29 Mar. 1641.[4]
8. Jeronymus, b. 27 June 1643, bapt. 28 June 1643.
9. Annetje, b. 8 Feb. 1646, bapt. 11 Feb. 1646.
10. Elizabeth, b. 27 Mar. 1648, bapt. 29 Mar. 1648.
11. Daniel, b. 29 Dec. 1650, bapt. 1 Jan. 1651.

Children of Sara Jorise Rapalje by Hans Hansen Bergen

12. Anneke, bapt. 22 July 1640.
13. Brecktje, bapt. 27 July 1642.
14. Jan, bapt. 17 Apr. 1644.
15. Michiel, bapt. 4 Nov. 1646.
16. Joris, bapt. 18 July 1649.
17. Marritje, bapt. 8 Oct. 1651.
18. Jacob, bapt. 21 Sept. 1653.[5]
19.* Catalyna, bapt. 30 Nov. 1653.[6]

Children of Sara Jorise Rapalje by Teunis Gysberts Bogaert

20. Aertje, bapt. 19 Dec. 1655.
21. Catalyna, bapt. 16 Dec. 1657.
22. Neeltje, bapt. 22 Feb. 1660.
23. Aeltje, bapt. Brooklyn, 13 Nov. 1661.
24. Antje, bapt. 23 Aug. 1665, twin.
25. Neeltje, bapt. 23 Aug. 1665, twin.
26. Gysbert, bapt. 5 Dec. 1668.
27.* Grietje, m. 4 Dec. 1687, Pieter Jansen Haring of New York; their child Grietje was bapt. 7 Oct. 1688.[7]

Children of Marritje Jorise Rapalje by Michiel Pauluszen Van der Voort

28. Michiel, bapt. 19 Jan. 1642.[8]
29. Josyntje, bapt. 20 Nov. 1643.
30. Josyntje, bapt. 2 June 1647.
31. Paulus, bapt. 3 Jan. 1649.
32. Jan, bapt. 11 Oct. 1650.
33. Maria, bapt. 27 July 1653.
34. Hendrick, bapt. 22 Aug. 1655.
35. Joris, bapt. 18 Oct. 1656.
36. Claertie, bapt. 27 Oct. 1657.
37.* Elizabeth, no baptism found.[9]

Children of Jannetje Jorise Rapalje by Rem Jansen Van der Beeck[10]

38. Annetje, bapt. 12 Mar. 1645.
39. Pelitie, bapt. 20 Jan. 1647.

Jan, bapt. 12 Jan. 1649.
Joris, b. 2 Feb. 1650.
Rem, b. 2 Dec. 1652.
Willitje, b. 16 Sept. 1655.
Catalina, b. 4 Oct. 1655.
Femmetje, b. 1 Aug. 1657.
Anna, b. 11 Apr. 1660.
Jacob, bapt. Brooklyn, 19 Mar. 1662.
Jeronymus, b. 1664.[12]
Daniel, b. 1665.
Abraham, b. 16 Sept. 1667.
Sarah, b. 6 Dec. 1670.
Isaac, bapt. 16 Sept. 1675.
Jeremias, b. 10 Sept. 1675.
Jennetje, listed by Stoutenbourgh without date.

Children of Judith Jorise Rapalje by Pieter Pieterszen Van Nest

Pieter, bapt. 12 Oct. 1653.
Sytje or Josyntje, bapt. 23 Jan. 1656.
Jeronimus, bapt. 7 July 1658.
Jacomyntie, bapt. 29 May 1661.
Cathryntie, bapt. 18 Mar. 1663.
Lysbeth, bapt. 12 Apr. 1665.
Catalyn, bapt. 3 Mar. 1672.
Sarah, bapt. 21 Mar. 1674.
Joris, bapt. 19 July 1676.
Marritie, bapt. 4 June 1678.
Josina, bapt. 30 Nov. 1680, one of the expected children.

Child of Jan Joriszen Rapalje by Maria Fredericks Maer[13]

Frederick, bapt. Brooklyn, 30 Apr. 1662 (d. July 1662).

Children of Jeronimus Joriszen Rapalje by Annetje Teunis Denys[14]

Joris, bapt. 5 Nov. 1668.
Teunis, bapt. 7 May 1671.[15]
Jan, bapt. 17 Dec. 1673.[16]
Femmitie, bapt. 17 Oct. 1676.[17]
Jacob, bapt. 25 June 1679.

Children of Anna Jorise Rapalje by Marten Reversen

Marritie, bapt. 16 Nov. 1664.
Joris, bapt. 19 Sept. 1666.
Catalyntie, bapt. 3 Jan. 1671.
Sarah, bapt. 30 May 1673.
Jakobus, bapt. Brooklyn (recorded also at Flatbush), 27 Dec. 1677.
Aertje, cited by Bergen, not otherwise found.

Children of Lysbeth Jorise Rapalje by Dirck Cornelissen Hoochlandt

Johannis, bapt. 7 Nov. 1666.
Joris, bapt. 19 Feb. 1668.

related to the American settler, but in any case no proof of a connection was found. Of the other items cited, only Riker and Bergen are relatively free of the grossest error.

In the present article we shall confine ourselves to only two points: first, correction of a common error as to the name of the father of Catalyntje Trico, wife of Joris Janszen Rapalje, and second, consideration of a remarkable statement made by Catalyntje in 1680.

A sufficient number of instances appear in the Dutch manuscript records in which Catalyntje is recorded as Catalyntje Jeronymus to make it certain that her father was named Jeronymus in Dutch or Jérôme in French. Moreover, she gave this name to her eighth child and third son. Yet the majority of the writers cited above state that Catalyntje was daughter of Joris or George, and a few of them give the name as Jan or Jean. One even cites the said Jan as a physician, upon what evidence is unknown. Only Bergen, in the first edition of his Bergen genealogy, correctly states the name. What he gives in the second edition, I do not know, but he favors Joris in his Register, published at the end of his long life. Even the usually careful Allaben makes the error, despite the fact that he transcribes some of the records in which the patronymic appears.

Any future attempt to trace her ancestry should be centered in Paris or Valenciennes and in the year 1605. She deposed on 14 Feb. 1684/5 when her age was given as "fouer score years or thereabouts" [E. B. O'Callaghan, Documentary History of New York (Albany 1850), 3:31; see also H. R. Stiles, History of Brooklyn (1867), 1: 413 f.—the original is in Deed Book VII], and again on 17 Oct. 1688 when her age is given as about 83 years [O'Callaghan, op. cit., 3:32—the original is in New York Colonial Manuscripts XXXV]. In the latter deposition she gives her birthplace as Paris. In a source to be quoted later she is called aged 74 on 30 May 1680. All of these ages are in harmony with a birth about 1605. The last cited source calls her "an old Walloon woman from Valenciennes." It does not state that she was born there and the witness is a person who met her on the day stated and was introduced to her by her nephew. Catalyntje could well have been born in Paris and have been also described in 1680 as from Valenciennes.

The witness just mentioned was Jasper Danckaerts who was then, in company with Peter Sluyter, engaged in a secret mission for the Labadists, seeking a new home in America for the members of that sect. Danckaerts left a journal which was first printed in the Publications of the Long Island Historical Society and again by Bartlett Burleigh James and James Franklin Jameson in the latter's Original Narratives of Early American History (New York 1908). The paragraph in which we are interested appears on pages 234-6 of the latter reference. On 30 May 1680 Danckaerts and Sluyter were taken by their New York friend, Arnold De la Grange, to the Wallabout and paid a visit to De la Grange's aunt.

> "This aunt of de la Grange is an old Walloon woman from Valenciennes, seventy-four years old. She is worldly-minded, with mere bonte, living with her whole heart, as well as body, among her progeny, which now number 145, and will soon reach 150. Nevertheless, she lives alone by herself, a little apart from the others, having her little garden and other conveniences, with which she helped herself."

A footnote explains mere bonte as apparently meaning "with mere human goodness" and identifies the old woman as Catalina Trico (1605-1689), widow of Joris Janszen Rapalje. We are also told that Danckaert's friend, the nephew of Catalyntje, was Arnold De la Grange, son of Joost and Margriet De la Grange, and that Margriet married, second, Andrew Carr. De la Grange's wife was Cornelia De la Fontaine, as we learn both from the note and from the baptism of their daughter Cornelia at the Manhattan Dutch Church on 23 April 1681. No success has been had in finding how De la Grange was Catalyntje's nephew but at least Joris Janszen Rapalje had not married a sister of De la Grange's father, so that the said Margriet must have been either sister to Joris Janszen Rapalje or sister to Catalyntje Jeronymus Trico. The Rapaljes, however, named none of their daughters Margriet.

The statement that on 30 May 1680 Catalyntje already had 145 progeny, and would soon have five more, challenges me to attempt to name them! In the list given below, all baptisms are cited from registers of Reformed Dutch churches, and are from the Manhattan church unless stated otherwise. At this period these registers uniformly use New Style dates. Readers should be cautioned that in the later families, not all the known children are included, but only those born before 30 May 1680 or so soon afterwards that Catalyntje could have been told by that date of the expected child. Furthermore, in some instances there is doubt and these are marked with an asterisk. In a few of the families it is possible that there were children born before the cut-off date who were not found, and it may be that there were stillbirths not recorded. Mr. Austin Grayboal of Des Moines has been able to supply a few names missed by me. Early drafts of the article were read by Dr. Herbert F. Seversmith and Professor John Insley Coddington.

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

☐ Bible
☐ Census
☐ Church
☐ Correspondence
☐ Court
☐ Deed
☐ History
☐ Home
☐ Interview
☐ Military
☐ Obituary
☐ Tombstone
☐ Vital Record

Other

☐ Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:
☐ Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:
☐ Photo Copy: ☐ Handwritten: ☐ Typewritten: ☐ Printed

Legibility

Name of Subject Jean Rapareillet (Rapalje)

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Mar.						
Death						
Burial				Valenciennes		Spanish Netherlands

Places of Residence

Occupation Weaver Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Gaspard Calet de Rapalje Mother

Name of Spouse

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Mother

Copy verbatum on this form the information you find in the various records or books as you do your research. (You will find differences in records.) Make a separate sheet for each search or each name or family on your line found in a search. Then, after information has been extracted from all sources, you may easily make comparisons of statements, judge value of each, and record correct data on a permanent form such as A1, F1, F3 or F6. See The Sixth Edition THE HOW BOOK FOR GENEALOGISTS for additional suggestions regarding the use of this sheet.

Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
1 Oliver (Full name of spouse*)	Bapt. Birth	28	Feb.	1594				
	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							
2 Anne (Full name of spouse*)	Bapt. Birth	17	Sept.	1595				
	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							
3 Francois (Full name of spouse*)	Bapt Birth	5	Nov.	1596				
	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							
4 Nicholaes (Full name of spouse*)	Bapt. Birth	10	July	1595				
	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

nown sex buried 16 Nov, 1600 without Bapt.

m. Catalina Trico

il 1604 B. 1605 Pry

1624 Amsterdam Holland

f sisters

1 Aug, 1578

28 July 1580

Gaspard Rapalje, (Rapelje) (Rapalie) d. abram Janssen
and Cilet de Rapalje

1/ Gasper Rapalje (Rapalie) m. _____ Janssen
born: Ca 1565 France, Sur Loire — born:
where: — where:
mar.: — died:
where: — where:
died:
where:
Children:

Breckje m. Ca 1569 Janssen Jan. abram (cousin)
Jean b. Ca. 1572
Willem
Antonie

Jean Rapareillet

2/ _____ Rapalje m. _____
born: — born:
where: — where:
mar.: — died: buried Feb. 23, 1606
where: — where: Valenciennes
died:
where:

Children: Joris Jansen, bapt. April 28, 1601
Oliver bapt. Feb. 28, 1594
Anne bapt. Sept. 17, 1595
Francois bapt. Nov. 5, 1596
Nicolas bapt. July 10, 1598

sisters or half sisters
Jejinne bapt Aug 1, 1578
Marie bapt July 28, 1580.

Received Nov. 20, 1978
from: Josephine L. Reed
2100 Bru St. Bakersfield Calif 93301

over —

3/ Joris Jansen Rapalje m. Catalina Tricot Tricot

born France?
where
married: 21 Jan. 1623/24
where: At sea? On trip from Holland to Am.
Amsterdam, Holland
died: 1665
where: N.Y.

born: 1605
where: ~~Paris, France~~ Spanish Netherlands
died: 11 Sept. 1689
where: Long Island, N.Y.
Father: George Trico (Tricot) of Paris, France

Children: Sarah, Annetje, Jannetje others?

4/ Annetje Rapalje m. Martin Ryerson

born: 8 Feb 1646
where: Brooklin N.Y.
marr: 14 May 1663
where: Dutch Ref. Church, Brooklyn
died:
where:

born:
where: Holland?
died:
where:

2nd M. Jacot France Jan. 30, 1692.

Children:
Marrithe bapt. 16 Nov. 1664
Joris bapt 19 Sept 1666.
Catalyntie bapt. 3 Jan. 1671.
Sarah bapt. 30 May 1673.
Jakobus bapt Brooklyn (recorded also at Flatbush) 27 Dec. 1677.
Geertje, cited by Bergen, not otherwise found.

9/14

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

☐ Bible
☐ Census
☐ Church
☐ Correspondence
☐ Court
☐ Deed
☐ History
☐ Home
☐ Interview
☐ Military
☐ Obituary
☐ Tombstone
☐ Vital Record

Other

☐ Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:
☐ Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:
☐ Photo Copy: ☐ Handwritten: ☐ Typewritten: ☐ Printed

Legibility

Check sources to be of record and describe.

Name of Subject Joris Trico (Tricot) of Paris

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Mar.						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Mother

Name of Spouse

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Mother

Copy verbatum on this form the information you find in the various records or books as you do your research. (You will find differences in records.) Make a separate sheet for each search or each name or family on your line found in a search. Then, after information has been extracted from all sources, you may easily make comparisons of statements, judge value of each, and record correct data on a permanent form such as A1, F1, F3 or F6. See The Sixth Edition THE HOW BOOK FOR GENEALOGISTS for additional suggestions regarding the use of this sheet.

Sex	Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
K	1	Birth			1605	Bry	Spanish	Netherlands	
	Catalina Trico	Mar.	21	Mar	1623	Amsterdam		Holland	
	Full name of spouse* Jan Jansen Rapelje	Death	11	Sept.	1689	Long Island		N.Y.	
		Burial							
	2	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							
	3	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							
		Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

line, dau. Abraham G.

by **McCormick**, *m* 1873,
2); issue: 1–Caroline (*m*
y Grigsby (*m* Herbert
ooks; 4–Eleanor Harry-
n); 5–Chauncey Brooks
entine Hollingsworth).
6, 1914, Marion, dau. of
ho's Who in America);
ng, *b* Chicago, Apr. 6,
o, Feb. 23, 1917; 3–Roger
ce, Feb. 7, 1920.
Corpn., Chicago. Sec-
Corps, U.S.A., Nov. 1917-
oix de Guerre; Officier
ier Am. Field Service;
Eagle of Lemberg (for
ainst Russian Bolshe-
om General Pershing.
rsity, Saddle and Cycle.
iew Av., Chicago, Ill.
Rutherford, *b* Chicago,

1702-1762), from Ireland,
Co., Pa., ca. 1734, moved
Cumberland Co., Pa., ca.
1705-66), dau. Adam Car-

ed in Am. Rev., moved
Pa., to Walnut Grove,
779, *m* 1770, Martha San-

alnut Grove, Rockbridge
farming machinery, *m*
dau. Patrick Hall, q.m.
McChesney, who came

15-65), harvester mfr., *m*
Reuben Grigsby, plan-
a.
Scotland, settled on St.
Can., removed to Mas-
aret –;
guished journalist, ed-
m Katharine, dau. Judge
therine, dau. Abraham
Rev.).
erson **McCormick** (1849-
ustria-Hungary, Russia
atharine Van Etta Me-
a H.; 2–Elizabeth D.; 3–
o in America); 4–Robert
–Mildred D.
10, 1915, Amie de H. (Ir-
late Gen. Bernard J. D.

; pres. Chicago Tribune
in America). Maj., staff
in France, 1917; maj. 5th
., and col. 61st F.A., A.E.
Forest, Ill.
Jr., *b* Harrisburg, Pa.,

(1702-1762), from Ireland,
Co., Pa., ca. 1734, moved
p., Cumberland Co., Pa.,
beth (1705-66), dau. Adam

Oliver (1729-1804);
Margery Bines (1767-1849);
, Princeton, 1822, lawyer,
Pa., *m* Eliza Buehler (1806-

1697), from Holland, 1658,
e Delaware River, mem.
judge Colonial Supreme
s;

);
);

man (1860-67); 2–Henry, Jr. (b 1863); ... (above); 4–William (1866-1923); 5–Donald (*b* 18..; 6–Mary (1874-77); 7–Robert (*b* 1878); 8–Eliza (*m* William W. Finney).
3–Not married. B.A., Yale, '87 (Psi U.). Residence: 101 N. Front St., Harrisburg, Pa.

McCULLOCH, Emma Maria Basset (Mrs. Champe C.), *b* Cahaba, Ala., Aug. 3, 1843.
5–Richard **Gwin,** of Scotch-Irish descent, *m* Sarah –, lived nr. Jamestown, Va.;
4–Isham;
3–John, planter, *m* Jane, dau. Thomas Walker, of Va.
2–Dau. of Sarah Gwin, *m* Louis **Basset,** desc. of Huguenot family of Geneva, Switzerland; issue: 1–Emma Maria Basset (above); 2–Ann Adelia (*b* 1846, *d* infancy).
1–*M* May 22, 1867, Champe Carter McCulloch (1841-1907); maj. C.S.A., mayor of Waco, Tex.; issue (all *b* Waco): 1–Charles William (Mar. 7-Nov. 19, 1868); 2–Champe Carter, Jr. (qv for McCulloch line); 3–Mary Roberta (Feb. 25, 1871-July 26, 1873); 4–Sarah Basset, *b* July 27, 1872; *m* July 26, 1894, Charles Hiram Ferguson (issue: Grace Adele, *b* Aug. 8, 1896); *m* 2d, May 16, 1919, Capt. William Lawrence Harding, Jr., U.S.M.C.; 5–Roderick Roy (Dec. 4 1875-Jan. 27, 1896); *m* Feb. 27, 1895, Cora Lee Macon; 6–Louis Basset, *b* May 9, 1880; B.L., U. Tex., '01; 7–Lucy Adele, *b* July 18, 1882; *m* Apr. 22, 1903, William David Rondthaler; 8–Earle Cabell (July 27, 1885-July 28, 1887); 9–Shirley Hope (qv); 10–Grace Darling, *b* Sept. 9, 1891; *m* Dec. 3, 1913, Henry Lincoln Hind.
Mem. U.D.C. Club: Country. Residence: 407 Columbus Av., Waco, Tex.

McCULLOCH, Champe Carter, Jr., *b* at Waco, Tex., Sept. 10, 1869.
5–Rev. Roderick **McCulloch** (*d* 1745; of the Clan McCulloch, of Ardwall, Galloway, Scotland), came to Va., 1727, with Gov. Gooch and Commissary Blair, was rector Washington Parish, Westmoreland Co., Va., *m* Elisabeth (probably Ashton);
4–Roderick (1741-1826), of "Verdant Vale," Amherst Co., Va., *m* Elizabeth Horsley (1749-1831);
3–William Horsley (1791-1855), of "Verdant Vale," *m* 2d, Mary Champe Carter.
8–John **Carter** (qv);
7–Robert, "King" (1663-1732), of "Corotoman," speaker Va. House of Burgesses, treas. of Va., pres. council and actg. gov., *m* 1st, Judith, dau. Col. John Armistead, of "Hesse," Gloucester Co., Va.;
6–John (1690-1742), *m* 1723, Elizabeth (*d* 1777), dau. Edward Hill, of Shirley, Va.;
5–Col. Edward, of "Blenheim," *m* Sarah, dau. of Col. John Champe;
4–Edward, of "Blenheim," Albemarle Co., Va., mem. House of Delegates, *m* 2d, Lucy Wood (niece of Patrick Henry);
3–Mary Champe (*d* 1879), *m* William Horsley **McCulloch** (3 above).
2–Son of Champe Carter **McCulloch** (1841-1907), maj. of cav. C.S.A., mayor of Waco, Tex., *m* Emma Maria Basset (qv).
M Oct. 23, 1889, Mary Azalete Gurley, *b* McLennan Co., Tex., Aug. 3, 1869; mem. D.F.P.A., C.D., D.A.R.; dau. late Davis Robert Gurley, maj. of cav. C.S.A., of McLennan Co., Tex., formerly adj. gen., State of Tex., *m* Louisa Wells Earle (g.dau. Gen. John Baylis Earle, of S.C., and desc. Hamptons of S.C.); issue: 1–Mary Gurley, *b* McLennan Co., Tex., Sept. 15, 1890; Baylor U.; *m* May 1, 1909, Dr. William McCully James, son Col. William Armstrong James, C.S.A. (issue: Mary Celeste, *b* Ancon, Canal Zone, Aug. 6, 1910); 2–Champe Carter, 3d (Oct. 29, 1892-Feb. 12, 1899); 3–Louisa Earle (Nov. 21, 1894-May 19, 1896); 4–Roderick Roy, *b* McLennan Co., Dec. 23, 1900; Va. Mil. Inst., '21; U. Va., '23; 5–Sarah Champe, *b* Ft. Meade, S.D., Jan. 20, 1907; Warrenton (Va.) Country Sch., and Gunston

World War, A.E.F., Aug. 1918-Jan. 1919. Now dep. state health officer of Md. F.A.C.S, etc. (see Who's Who in America). Mem. S.C.W., S.R., Order of Washington, Soc. of the Carabao. Clubs: Chevy Chase, Cosmos (Washington), Army and Navy (New York), Colonnade (U. of Va.), Country (Cumberland, Md.). Address: "Lookout Lodge," Allegany Co., Md.; P.O. box 353, Cumberland, Md.

McCULLOCH, Shirley Hope, *b* Waco, Tex., Sept. 2, 1888.
Son of Champe Carter **McCulloch** (1841-1907), *m* 1867, Emma Maria Basset (qv for genealogy).
M Dec. 23, 1909, Sarah Jeannette, dau. Frank M. Davis, of Dallas, Tex.
M 2d, Aug. 1, 1920, Ellen Louise Porter, *b* Raleigh, N.C., Feb. 27, 1898; dau. Edward Wesley Porter, of Raleigh.
Ed. Tex. Christian U. Enlisted, Sept. 29, 1917; supply sgt., 36th Div., Nov. 1, 1917; 1st sgt., Mar. 1, 1918; sailed for France, Aug. 1, 1918; detached service with 26th Div., in St. Mihiel; with 36th Div. in Champagne and Meuse-Argonne operations; grad. of Officers Training Sch., M.T.C., Dec. 7, 1918; instr. automobile class at post sch., Bar-sur-Aube, France; commd. 2d lt., Mar. 13, 1919; discharged, Sept. 13, 1919. Residence: 92 University Av., Providence, R.I.

MATTHEWS, John Henry, *b* N.Y. City, Aug. 2, 1859.
9–Capt. Thomas **Munson** (1612-85);
8–Hannah (*b* 1648), *m* 1667, Joseph **Tuttle;**
7–Susanna (1679 or 80-1737), *m* 1698, Samuel **Todd;**
6–Susanna (1718-1806), *m* 1736, Caleb **Humiston;**
5–Mehitabel (1752-1825), *m* 1770, Isaac **Fenn;**
4–Linus (1770-1847), *m* 1793, Mary Curtiss;
3–Nathaniel (1796-1878), *m* 1817, Sophia Moseley.
9–Andrew **Ward** (1597-will dated 1659), from Eng., mem. Council, dep. Gen. Ct., *m* Hester Sherman;
8–Andrew (1645-90), *m* Tyral Meigs;
7–Williard (1678-1767), *m* Lettice Beach;
6–Lettice (1711-49), *m* 1729, Lt. Daniel (Curtis) **Curtiss** (1707-50);
5–Capt. Jotham (1732-85), *m* 1770, Esther Merriam Hull;
4–Mary (1771-1847), *m* Linus **Fenn** (4 above).
8–Gov. Thomas **Prence** (qv);
7–Mary, *m* John **Tracy** (son of Stephen);
6–Deborah (1714-77), *m* 1735, Increase **Moseley;**
5–Capt. Abner (1738-1812), *m* 1765, Ann Clark;
4–Gideon (*b* 1766), *m* 1793, Ann Taylor;
3–Sophia (1796-1859), *m* 1817, Nathaniel **Fenn** (3 above).
2–Son of Sophia Elizabeth Moseley Fenn (1836-85), *m* 1854, George **Matthews** (1834-85; son of John Matthews [1808-70], from Eng. to New York, 1832, *m* Elizabeth Chester); issue: 1–George (*m* Grace Birmingham); 2–John Henry (above).
1–*M* Nov. 10, 1881, Grace Ferguson (Oct. 12, 1859-May 28, 1919); dau. James Simpson Ferguson, New York; issue (all *b* N.Y. City): 1–Madelon (Mrs. Robert Samuel McCreery, qv for Ferguson lines); 2–John, *b* Oct. 30, 1891; Yale U.; *m* May 2, 1916, Katie Schermerhorn (issue: Joan Tuckerman, *b* 1917); 3–Natalie, *m* Thomas H. Howard.
Ed. Columbia U. Sch. of Mines, '79. Hobby: English bulldogs; mem. Bulldog Club of America. Summer place: "Dunix," Cornwallville, N.Y. Residence: Flintridge, Pasadena, Calif.

McCREERY, Madelon Matthews (Mrs. Robert Samuel), *b* New York, N.Y., Jan. 10, 1889.
10–Joris Jansen **Rapalje** (*d* ca. 1665), came to New Amsterdam, one of the "Twelve Men," magistrate, *m* Catalyntze Trico, of Paris;
9–Sarah (1625-ca. 1687), *m* Theunis Gysbertsen **Bogaert;**
8–Aeltie (*b* 1661), *m* 1681, Cornelius Claesz **Kuyper;**
7–Theunis (1685-1767), *m* 1718, Marite Blauvelt;

Rapalje + Trico

6–Maria (1826-1901), *m* 1844, James Simpson **Ferguson.**
9–Daniel (Terneur, Turnure) **Tourneur** (1626-73), *b* France, came from Holland to New Amsterdam, *m* 1650, Jacqueline de Parisis;
8–Esther (*d* before 1721), *m* in 1677, Frederick **De Vaux;**
7–Frederick (1684-1753), *m* 1720, Mary Odell;
6–Abraham (1735-1826), *m* 1758, Elizabeth Parsel;
5–Elizabeth (*b* 1763), *m* 1788, Abraham **Brower;**
4–Abraham (1793-1867), *m* 1815, Rachel Cooper (4 above).
2–Dau. of Grace Ferguson (1859-1919), *m* 1881, John Henry **Matthews** (qv for other lines).
M Mar. 27, 1909, Robert Samuel McCreery, *b* at Paris, France, Mar. 21, 1860; Yale, '85; son of James McCreery, dry goods mcht., New York; issue: 1–Honour, *b* New York, June 28, 1910; 2–Madelon Elizabeth, *b* New York, Mar. 15, 1915.
Ed. Brearley School, New York, '07. Mem. C.D., D.A.R., Women's Nat. Rep. Club. Residence: "Dunix," Cornwallville, N.Y.

McCUTCHEON, George Barr, *b* Tippecanoe Co., Ind., July 26, 1866.
4–John **McCutcheon** (1767-1822), from Scotland to Va., ca. 1767, *m* Susanna Caldwell;
3–John (1802-72), *m* Kezia Ritchey.
2–Son of John Barr **McCutcheon** (1828-88), live stock dealer, sheriff of Tippecanoe Co., city treas. of Lafayette, Ind., *m* 1865, Clara (1841-1916), dau. Benjamin Glick (1802-87), of Pa.; issue: 1–George Barr (above); 2–John Tinney (see Who's Who in America); 3–Ben Frederick (*b* 1875); 4–Jessie (*b* 1879; *m* Wilbur A. Nelson).
1–*M* Sept. 26, 1904, Mary Van Antwerp (Proudfoot) Fay, *b* Chicago, Oct. 8, 1869; dau. Judge Lawrence Proudfoot, of Chicago.
Purdue U., '86. Author (see Who's Who in America). Mem. M.O.L.L. Hobby: First editions and paintings. Clubs: Century, The Players, Authors (New York). Address: c/o Dodd, Mead & Co., 443 4th Av., New York, N.Y.

McELROY, Warren Finley, *b* nr. Hannibal, Mo., June 14, 1865.
McElroy ancestors came from North of Ireland, 1729, and settled first in Va., later removed to Ky.
Finley ancestors from Scotland to Md., later removed to Ky.
2–Son of James Abram Blackburn **McElroy** (1828-1907), *m* Cordelia Frances Finley (1831-1914).
M Apr. 20, 1899, Estella G. Brown, *b* St. Louis, Dec. 17, 1877; dau. Alanson D. Brown, shoe mfr., St. Louis; issue (all *b* St. Louis, Mo.): 1–Jane Blackburn, *b* Sept. 1, 1902; 2–Warren Finley, Jr., *b* October 15, 1904; 3–Ruth Elizabeth, *b* Nov. 29, 1905; 4–David Brown, *b* Mar. 17, 1908.
Pres. McElroy-Sloan Shoe Co., St. Louis. Owns notable examples of Dutch artists. Club: Bellerive Country. Country place: "Blackburn Villa," Rensselaer, Mo. Residence: 23 Portland Pl., St. Louis, Mo.

McENERY, Douglas Wiltz, *b* Monroe, La., May 14, 1881.
4–Mathew **McEnery** (1759-1844), from Ireland to Baltimore, Md., ca. 1789, *m* Mary O'Neal;
3–Henry O'Neal (1785-1857), tobacco factor, Petersburg, Va., *m* Caroline, dau. James Douglas, planter on James River, Va.
4–William J. **Phillips,** from Eng., settled at Raleigh, N.C., *m* Elizabeth –;
3–Charles Worsham (1818-77), cotton planter, of Monroe, La., soldier Mexican War, raised, equipped and commanded Phillips Rangers, C.S.A. in Civil War, *m* Rebecca Jane Adams.
2–Son of Samuel Douglas **McEnery** (1831-1910), lt. C.S.A., gov. of La., 1881-88, asso. justice Supreme Ct. of La., 1888-97, U.S. senator, 1897-1910, *m* 1878, Elizabeth Phillips (1862-1923); issue: 1–Charles Phillips; 2–Douglas Wiltz (above); 3–Jane Rebecca (*m* Warren Parks).
2–*M* Oct. 12, 1921, Katherine Winn, *b* West Point,

Trico
Shows Connection to Reading

1. Jeromymus (Geo) Tricot of Paris
b.
m.
d.

↓

2. Catalina Trico of Paris = Joris Jansen de Rapelje
b. 1605 Pry Spanish Netherlands b. ca. 1600 – 1638 France
m. 1623/24 Amsterdam Holland d 1665 N.Y.
d. 11 Sept 1689 Long Island N.Y.

↓

3. Annetje Rapalje = Marten Rycerson
b. 8 Feb. 1646 Brooklyn N.Y. b. From Holland
m. 14 May 1663 Dutch Ref. Church Brooklyn, N.Y. d ca. 1687
d. 1687

↓

4. Maritje (Mary) Ryerson = Gov. John Reading
b. 1699 b. 6 June 1686 Gloucester, N.J.
m. 30 Nov. 1720 d. 5 Nov. 1767
d. 1774

↓

5. Capt. Daniel Reading = Euphemia Reid
b 2 Feb. 1727 b. 1735
m. 26 Feb 1755 d
d. 15 Oct. 1768

Montmorency
Coligny

Source: Encyclopedia Britannica Vol. III
pp. 1026

Montmorency, one of France's most illustrious families took its name from its seat at Montmorency in the Ile-de-France where its head became tradionally known as premier baron (or premier Christian) of France. Traceable to 10th Century, it provided several constables of France in the 11th, 12th, 13th and 16th Centuries and a line of duca de Montmorency from 1551 to 1632, besides numberous other persons prominent among the high officers of the French Crown, among the marshalls of France, or in the peerage.

Vol III p.p. 3
Coligny son of Gaspard I. de Coligny the marshall of Chatillion + Louise de Montmorency sister of Anne Montmorency, constable of France brothers, Adet, Cardinal de Chatillion and Francois, seigneur d'Andelot.

Source: The Story of Civilization II The Reformation
by Will + Ariel Durant
pp 829 Portrait of Guillaume de Montmorency
painted by anonymus master about 1520
now in Lyons Museum

Ancestor Chart

Name of Compiler _____

Address _____

City, State _____

Date _____

Person No. 1 on this chart is the same person as No. 31 on chart No. 2.

Chart No. 1

b. Date of Birth
p.b. Place of Birth
m. Date of Marriage
d. Date of Death
p.d. Place of Death

1 Sands, Samuel
b. 1666
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d.

2 Sands, James (Capt.) (Father of No. 1)
b. 1622
p.b.
m.
d. 1695
p.d

5 ~~Walker~~, Sarah (Mother of No. 2)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

3 Walker, Sarah (Mother of No. 1)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

Ray, Dorothy (Spouse of No. 1)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

4 Sands, John? (Father of No. 2)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d

8 (Father of No. 4)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d

9 (Mother of No. 4)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d

10 ~~Walker~~, John (Father of No. 5)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d

11 (Mother of No. 5)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

6 Col. Walker, John (Father of No. 3)
b.
p.b. Came from England
m.
d.
p.d

7 (Mother of No. 3)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

12 (Father of No. 6)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d

13 (Mother of No. 6)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

14 (Father of No. 7)
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d

15 (Mother of No. 7)
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d.

16 (Father of No. 8, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

17 (Mother of No. 8, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

18 (Father of No. 9, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

19 (Mother of No. 9, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

20 (Father of No. 10, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

21 (Mother of No. 10, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

22 (Father of No. 11, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

23 (Mother of No. 11, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

24 (Father of No. 12, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

25 (Mother of No. 12, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

26 (Father of No. 13, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

27 (Mother of No. 13, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

28 (Father of No. 14, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

29 (Mother of No. 14, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

30 (Father of No. 15, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

31 (Mother of No. 15, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

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11/12 Capt. James Sands — m. 11/13 Sarah Walker
b. 1622 England — b.
m. — d.
d. 1695 — Father: Col John Walker

Settled at Portsmouth R.I. 1640 later at Block Island
had da. Sarah Sands m. Nanthaniel Niles.

↓

11/6 Samuel Sands — m. 11/7 Dorothy Ray
b. — b.
m. — d
d.

↓

11/3 Mary Sands — m. 11/2 Col. John Reid
b. — b. 1686
m. 1721. — d. 1777
d. 1776

↓

9/7 + 11/1 Euphemia Reid — m. 9/6 Daniel Reading
b. 1735 — b. 2 Feb. 1727
m. 26 Feb. 1755 — d. 15 Oct. 1768
d.

↓

9/3 Mary Reading — m. 9/2 Capt Arthur Gray
b. 31 March 1756 — b. ca 1755
m. 3 April 1778 — d. 3 April 1778 Hunterdon Co. N.J.
d. Oct 1816

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

Name of Subject Sands, Capt. James

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth			1622			Eng.
Chr'nd						
Mar.						
Death			1695			
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec. KING PHILLIPS WAR

Father Samuel Sands Mother Dorothy Ray

Name of Spouse Walker, Sarah

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Col. John Walker Mother Came from Eng.

of record and describe.

ed Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

- ☐ Bible
- ☐ Census
- ☐ Church
- ☐ Correspondence
- ☐ Court
- ☐ Deed
- ☐ History
- ☐ Home
- ☐ Interview
- ☐ Military
- ☐ Obituary
- ☐ Tombstone
- ☐ Vital Record
- ☐ Other

☐ Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:

☐ Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:

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Legibility

Copy verbatum on this form the information you find in the various records or books as you do your research. (You will find differences in records.) Make a separate sheet for each search or each name or family on your line found in a search. Then, after information has been extracted from all sources, you may easily make comparisons of statements, judge value of each, and record correct data on a permanent form such as A1, F1, F3 or F6. See The Sixth Edition THE HOW BOOK FOR GENEALOGISTS for additional suggestions regarding the use of this sheet.

Sex	Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
	1	Birth							
	Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
		Death							
		Burial							
	2	Birth							
	Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
		Death							
		Burial							
	3	Birth							
	Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
		Death							
		Burial							
		Birth							
	Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
		Death							
		Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

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Sands
Misc.

Source: Am. Comp. of Am. Genealogy Vol III
pp. 681

Sands (Sandes, Sandys) James (1622-95) from England, 1638 settled at Portsmouth, R.I., 1640: later at Block Island; dep. Gen. Ct. for New Shoreham Co. 1665; assistant warden, 1676 Cdr. militia Co., in King Phillips War; m. Sarah dau. John Walker

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

Name of Subject Sands, Mary

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Mar.			1721			
Death			1776			
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Samuel Sands Mother Dorothy Ray

Name of Spouse Reid, Col. John

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth			1686			
Chr'nd						
Death			1777			
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Mother

Source of record and describe.

ted Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

- ☐ Bible
- ☐ Census
- ☐ Church
- ☐ Correspondence
- ☐ Court
- ☐ Deed
- ☐ History
- ☐ Home
- ☐ Interview
- ☐ Military
- ☐ Obituary
- ☐ Tombstone
- ☐ Vital Record
- ☐ Other

☐ Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:

☐ Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:

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Legibility

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ex	Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
	1	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							
	2	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							
	3	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							
		Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

Name of Subject Sands, Samuel

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Mar.						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Capt. James Sands Mother Sarah Walker

Name of Spouse Ray, Dorothy

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Mar.						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Mother

of record and describe.

- ed Record
- Vol. Page Location
- Document Dated Recorded
- Who controls or has record?
- ☐ Bible
- ☐ Census
- ☐ Church
- ☐ Correspondence
- ☐ Court
- ☐ Deed
- ☐ History
- ☐ Home
- ☐ Interview
- ☐ Military
- ☐ Obituary
- ☐ Tombstone
- ☐ Vital Record
- ☐ Other
- ☐ Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:
- ☐ Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:
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Legibility

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ex	Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
	1	Birth							
	Mary Sands	Mar.			1721				
	Full name of spouse* Cal James	Death			17[illegible]				
		Burial							
	2	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							
	3	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							
		Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

SAND'S LINE 3.

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

☐ Bible

☐ Census

☐ Church

☐ Correspondence

☐ Court

☐ Deed

☐ History

☐ Home

☐ Interview

☐ Military

☐ Obituary

☐ Tombstone

☐ Vital Record

Other

☐ Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:

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Legibility

Check boxes to show type of record and describe.

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Name of Subject Capt. James Sands

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth			1622	From	England	
Chr'nd						
Mar.						
Death			1695			
Burial						

Places of Residence Eng — 1658; Settled at Portsmouth R.I. 1640; later at Block Island

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec. King Philips War

Father John Sands? Mother

Name of Spouse Sarah Walker

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father John Walker of Eng. Mother

Copy verbatum on this form the information you find in the various records or books as you do your research. (You will find differences in records.) Make a separate sheet for each search or each name or family on your line found in a search. Then, after information has been extracted from all sources, you may easily make comparisons of statements, judge value of each, and record correct data on a permanent form such as A1, F1, F3 or F6. See The Sixth Edition THE HOW BOOK FOR GENEALOGISTS for additional suggestions regarding the use of this sheet.

Sex	Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
	1	Birth							
	Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
		Death							
		Burial							
	2	Birth							
	Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
		Death							
		Burial							
	3	Birth							
	Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
		Death							
		Burial							
		Birth							
	Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
		Death							
		Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

Walker, John
England
Misc.

Am. Comp. of Gen. by Virens Vol. III
pp. 131
11 Col. John Walker mem. Council, 1656-58
10. Anne m. John Paine Jr.

pp. 320 (Under Biggs)

10. Alexander Lillington gv.

9. Elizabeth Lillington as widow of John Fendall m. 2d Hon. Samuel Swann speaker Va. House of Burgesses (Thomas[10])
8. Sarah, m. Col. Frederick Jones (1670-1723) Capt. French & Indian War; Chief justice of N.C. 1718 Capt Roger[9], m. Dorothy, dau of John Walker of England.

pp. 634 (Under Brandon)
6. John Walker (d. 1734; son of John, m. Jane McKnight) from Scotland to Md 1726; settled in Chester Co. Pa.; m. 1702 Katherine Rutherford (d. 1738); both buried at Nottingham Meeting House, Chester Co. Pa.

Bevier Line
9 Generations

1. Doyle Devoe m. Lurah Pott

2. Claud DeVoe m. Gladys Merkling

3. Lewis Philip Merkling m. Luella Lydia Gray

4. Reading Gray m. Amelia Jones

5. Daniel Gray Sr. m. Lydia Bevier
9 Apr. 1781 Binghampton N.Y
b. 25 Aug. 1784 Binghampton, N.Y.
d. 14 Mar. 1869

6. Samuel Bevier m. Rachel Anchiwood
Think he moved to Western N.Y.
Binghampton where Lydia was born?

7. Jacobus Bevier m. Antje Freer
b. 29 Apr. 1716 m. 1740
Settled in New Paltz

See Below 8. Samuel Bevier m. Magdalena Blanshan
b. 21 Jan. 1680 b.
m.
d. Will 17 Apr. 1759 Ulster Co. NY d. 1746

9. Louis Bevier Sr. m. Marie Le Blanc
b. 1648 France b.
m. 1673
d will 2 May 1720 New Paltz N.Y d. before 1710
probate 4 July 1720

Source: The Bevier Family In America by Kenneth E. Hasbrouch 1990
Their is also, History Of New Paltz by Ralph Lefevre

Samuel Bevier No. 8 remained on the old homestead at New Paltz and his father made his home with him until his death in 1720

4/2

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

Printed Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

☐ Bible

☐ Census

☐ Church

☐ Correspondence

☐ Court

☐ Deed

☐ History

☐ Home

☐ Interview

☐ Military

☐ Obituary

☐ Tombstone

☐ Vital Record

☐ Other

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egibility

of record and describe.

Name of Subject Samuel Beuier

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Mar.						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Jacobus Beuier Mother Antjie Freer

Name of Spouse Rachel Anchwood

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Mother

Copy verbatum on this form the information you find in the various records or books as you do your research. (You will find differences in records.) Make a separate sheet for each search or each name or family on your line found in a search. Then, after information has been extracted from all sources, you may easily make comparisons of statements, judge value of each, and record correct data on a permanent form such as A1, F1, F3 or F6. See The Sixth Edition THE HOW BOOK FOR GENEALOGISTS for additional suggestions regarding the use of this sheet.

Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
1	Birth							
Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							
2	Birth							
Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							
3	Birth							
Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							
4	Birth							
Full name of spouse*	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

Section 2
No. 4

4/4

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

Printed Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

☐ Bible
☐ Census
☐ Church
☐ Correspondence
☐ Court
☐ Deed
☐ History
☐ Home
☐ Interview
☐ Military
☐ Obituary
☐ Tombstone
☐ Vital Record
☐ Other

☐ Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:
☐ Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:
☐ Photo Copy: ☐ Handwritten: ☐ Typewritten: ☐ Printed

Legibility

Name of Subject Jacobus Bevier

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth	29	Apr.	1716			
Chr'nd						
Mar.			1740			
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Samuel Bevier Mother Magdalena Blanshan

Name of Spouse Antje Freer

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Mother

Copy verbatum on this form the information you find in the various records or books as you do your research. (You will find differences in records.) Make a separate sheet for each search or each name or family on your line found in a search. Then, after information has been extracted from all sources, you may easily make comparisons of statements, judge value of each, and record correct data on a permanent form such as A1, F1, F3 or F6. See The Sixth Edition THE HOW BOOK FOR GENEALOGISTS for additional suggestions regarding the use of this sheet.

ox	Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
	1	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							
	2	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							
	3	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							
	4	Birth							
		Mar.							
	Full name of spouse*	Death							
		Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

4/8

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

d Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

☐ Bible
☐ Census
☐ Church
☐ Correspondence
☐ Court
☐ Deed
☐ History
☐ Home
☐ Interview
☐ Military
☐ Obituary
☐ Tombstone
☑ Vital Record Will Ulster Co. N.Y. Probate Records by Anjou Vol. II p. 164
☐ Other

Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:
☐ Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:
☑ Photo Copy: ☐ Handwritten: ☐ Typewritten: ☐ Printed

Legibility

Name of Subject Samuel Bevier

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth	24 Jan. 1680					
Chr'nd						
Mar.						
Death	After 17 Apr. 1759			(will) proved		
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father Louis Bevier Mother Marie Le Blanc

Name of Spouse Magdalena Blanshan

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Death						
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation Military Rec.

Father MATTHESE BLANSHAN Mother

Copy verbatum on this form the information you find in the various records or books as you do your research. (You will find differences in records.) Make a separate sheet for each search or each name or family on your line found in a search. Then, after information has been extracted from all sources, you may easily make comparisons of statements, judge value of each, and record correct data on a permanent form such as A1, F1, F3 or F6. See The Sixth Edition THE HOW BOOK FOR GENEALOGISTS for additional suggestions regarding the use of this sheet.

Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
1 Solomon Bevier (Full name of spouse*)	Birth	13 May 1711						
	Mar.							
	Death	died infancy						
	Burial							
2 Matthew Bevier (Full name of spouse*)	Birth	29 June 1712						
	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							
3 Abraham Bevier (Full name of spouse* Margaret Elting)	Birth	14 June 1713						
	Mar.	22 Jan 1742						
	Death							
	Burial							
Isaac Bevier (Full name of spouse* Elizabeth Bevier dau of Jean)	Birth	25 Dec. 1714						
	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

5. * Jacobus Bevier = Antje Freer
B. 29 Apr. 1716 B.
M. 1740 D.
D.

6. Margrietjen Bevier = Matthew Lefevre Son of Andries
B. 30 June 1717 B.
M. 1 June 1737 D.
D.

7. Maria Bevier = Abraham Lefevre
B. 5 Oct 1718 B.
M. D.
D

8. Louis Bevier
B. 10 Jan 1720 died young

9. Esther Bevier Cornelius L. Brink
B. 8 June 1721 B.
D. D.
D

10. Johannes Bevier = Magdalena Lafevre da of Simon
B. 9 Sept. 1722 B.
M. D.
D.

11. Philip Bevier = 1st. Tryntje Low
B. 9 Feb 1724 2nd. Adriaence Newkirk

DATA WORK SHEET (For recording genealogical information as it is gathered from various sources.)

Date Search No. Enclosure No.

Name of Subject Louis Bevier

Subject's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth			1648	LILLE		France
Chr'nd						
Mar.			1673			
Death	After 4	July	1720	(will) New Paltz		N.Y.
Burial						

Places of Residence FRANCE LONDON 1710, NEW PALTZ N.Y.

Occupation Church Affiliation French Protestant Military Rec.

Father Mother

Name of Spouse Marie Le Blanc

Spouse's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country
Birth						
Chr'nd						
Death	before		1710			
Burial						

Places of Residence

Occupation Church Affiliation HUGUENOT Military Rec.

Father Mother

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Cited Record

Vol. Page Location

Document Dated Recorded

Who controls or has record?

- ☐ Bible
- ☐ Census
- ☐ Church
- ☐ Correspondence
- ☐ Court
- ☐ Deed
- ☐ History Hist. of New Paltz by Ralph Lefevre
- ☐ Home
- ☐ Interview
- ☐ Military
- ☐ Obituary
- ☐ Tombstone
- ☐ Vital Record
- ☐ Other

Original: ☐ Certified Copy: ☐ Recorded Copy:

☐ Transcribed Copy: ☐ Extract:

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Legibility

Children's names in full (Arrange in order of birth)	Children's Data	Day	Month	Year	City, Town or Place	County or Province, etc.	State or Country	Add. info. on children
1 Marie Bevier (Full name of spouse*)	Birth	19	July	1674	died infancy			
	Mar.							
	Death							
	Burial							
2 Jean Bevier (Full name of spouse* Catherine Montanye)	Birth	29	Jan	1676				
	Mar.	14	Apr	1712				
	Death			1745	Wawarsing		N.Y.	
	Burial							
3 Abraham Bevier (Full name of spouse* Rachel Vernooy)	Birth	20	Jan	1678				
	Mar.	18	Feb	1707				
	Death			1774	Wawarsing		N.Y.	
	Burial							
Samuel Bevier (Full name of spouse* Magdalena Blanshan)	Birth	21	Jan	1680				
	Mar.							
	Death			1746				
	Burial							

*If married more than once No. each mar. (1) (2) etc. and list in "Add. info. on children" column. Use space below or reverse side for additional children, other notes, references or information.

5. Andries Bevier
B. 12 July 1682 Unmarried

6. Louis Bevier = Elizabeth Hasbrouck
B. 6 Nov. 1684 B. 25 Feb 1685
M. May 1713 D.
D. 10 June 1760

7. Esther Bevier = Jacob Hasbrouck
B. 16 Nov. 1686 B.
M. 7 Nov 1714 D.
D.

8. Solomon Bevier -
B. 12 July 1689
M.
D. died young

SAMUEL BEVIER
b. 24 JAN. 1680 N.Y.

ULSTER COUNTY, N.Y., Proba te Records, by Anjou, Vol. II, p. 164.

BEVIER, SAMUEL, of New Paltz (Liber 21, p. 307)

Will dated April 3, 1750.

"To my wife Esther my negro child Molly, and 2 Minch Cows, the choise out of all my cattle before any division, also my bed bedstead, Curtains and covering and furniture, and all her clothing, and wearing apperell, also my present dwelling House in New Paltz, with Barn, garden, home lot and pasture during her life, and then to my six children, Abraham, Louis, Johanis, Margriet, wife of Matthew Lefever, Maria, wife of Abraham Lefever, and Esther, all my lots of land and Homestead in the bounds of the New Paltz Patent, on both sides of the Paltz River, now in my possession. To my son, Philip, a lot of land on Hudsons River, where he now lives, in New Paltz Patent, Lot No. 10 in the Northern Division upon the Hudsons river. I have already given to my son Isaac by deed a certain lot of land at Rochester, Ulster Co., which makes him equal with the rest of my children. I have also given to my son Jacobus by deed a certain tract in the Paltz Patent, and now in his possession, which makes him equal with the rest of my children. of my eight children, Abraham, Isaac, Louis, Johannis, Philip, Margriet, Maria and Esther all my right in the undivided lands of the Paltz patent. All my personal estate to my to my nine children, Abraham, Isaac, Jacobus, Louis, Johannes, Philip, Margriet, Marya, and Ester. As guardians over my son Louis my sons Abraham and Johanes, and my son- n-law Matthew Lefever, and he is not to dispose of any of his real or personal estate without their consent. Sons, Abraham Bevier, Jr. and Johannes, sons-in-law Matthew Lefever and Abraham Lefever and dau. Esther appointed executors. Witnessed by Louis Bevier, Jacob Hasbrouck, Jr., A. Hasbrouck.

Proved Apr. 17, 1759.

(SAMUEL BEVIER b. Jan 24, 1680 (son of Louis Bevier, Sr.) had issue;

i/ Solomon, bp May 13, 1711, died infancy

ii. Matthew, bp June 29, 1712

iii. Abraham bp June 14, 1713, m. Jan 22, 1742 Margaret Elting, dau, of Roelof Elting.

iv. Isaac bp Dec 25, 1714, m. 1751 Elabeth Bevier, dau. of Jean

ANC. *v. Jacobus bp Apr 29, 1716, m. 1740 Antje Freer

vi. Margrietjen bp June 30, 1717, m. June 19, 1737, Matthew Lefevre, son of Andries

vii. Maria bp Oct 5, 1718, m. Abraham Lefevre

viii. Louis bp Jan 10, 1720, died young

ix. Esther bp June 8, 1721 m. Cornelius L. Brink

x. Johannes bp Sep 9, 1722, m. Sep 2, 1749 Magdalena Lefevre, dau. os Simon Lefevre.

xi. Philip bp Fev 9, 1724, m/1 Tryntje Low, m/2 Adriaence Newkirk

Coligni – Montmorency
Rapalje – Jannsen
New Jersey – England
France

1. Marshall Gaspard de Coligni m. Louise de Montmorency
b. b.
m. d.
d.

2 Female _____ _____ Coligni m. male Jean de Rapallier? _____ Rapalje
b b.
m. d.
d.

3. Gaspard Colet de Rapalje m. _____ Jannsen
b. ca 1550 Sur Loire France b.
m. d.
d. Father: noted Artist Abram Jannsen
Officer in Army of Henry of Navarre, King Louis XIV & Nephew of Admiral Coligni

4 male Jean Rapaillet (Rapalje) m _____ _____
b. ca 1572
m.
d.
was a weaver

5. Jans Jansen Rapalje m. Catalina Trico (Trieot)
b. 28 April 1604 Leyden Holland b 1605 Prov. Spanish Netherlands
m. 21 Jan 1624 Amsterdam Holland d. 11 Sept 1689 Long Island N.Y.
d. 21 Feb. 1663 Brooklyn N.Y.

6. Annetie Rapalje m. Martin Ryerson
b. 8 Feb. 1646 b.
m. 1663 d.
d.
2nd wife
Poost France 30 Jan 1692

Rapalje 13/24
Connection to
Montmorency

1. Gaspard de Rapalje = _____ Jannsen (J...
b. 1515 Sur Loire France b.
m. d
d

Father: Abram Jannsen
Noted Artist

↓

2. _____ Coligny = _____ Rapalje
b. b.
m. d
d

↓

3. Marshall Gaspard de Coligny = Louise de Montmorency
b b
m. d.
d.

Son: Gaspard de Coligny b. 1519 d. 1572 French Admiral + Huguenot Leader
Da.: No. 2 above.

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